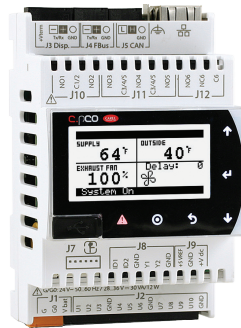


Reference Guide for Microprocessor Controller

Please read and save these instructions for future reference. Read carefully before attempting to assemble, install, operate or maintain the product described. Protect yourself and others by observing all safety information. Failure to comply with these instructions will result in voiding of the product warranty and may result in personal injury and/or property damage.

IVE v1.3
Version date 5/26



Technical Support
 Call 1-800-789-8550

Introduction

Program Features

The microprocessor controller offers control through easy monitoring and adjustment of unit parameters by way of a lighted graphical display and an integral push-button keypad.

Pre-Programmed Operating Sequences

The controller has been pre-programmed to offer multiple control sequences to provide ventilation, energy recovery, and tempered air. Factory default settings allow for easy setup and commissioning. The sequence parameters are fully adjustable. Refer to the Sequence of Operation for details.

BMS Communication

The user can remotely adjust setpoints, view unit status points and alarms. The microprocessor controller is capable of communicating over several protocols:

- BACnet® MSTP
- BACnet® IP
- Modbus RTU
- Modbus TCP

Reference Points List for a complete list of BMS points.

Alarm Management

The microprocessor controller will monitor the unit's status for alarm conditions. Upon detecting an alarm, the controller will record the alarm description, time, date, and input/output status points for user review. Alarms are also communicated via BMS (if equipped).

Occupancy Modes

The microprocessor controller offers three modes of determining occupancy dependent on unit type: a digital input, occupancy schedule or the BMS. If in the unoccupied mode, the unit will either be shut down or continue normal operation utilizing adjustable unoccupied setpoints.

Built-In Occupancy Schedule

The controller has an internal programmable time clock, allowing the user to set occupancy schedules for each day of the week. The controller option also has morning warm-up and cool down capability for improved comfort at the time of occupancy.

Remote Unit Access (if equipped)

The WebUI and Remote Display are two ways to gain access to the unit controller allowing monitoring of the unit and parameter adjustment without being at the unit.

The WebUI can be accessed via a building network and is included with every unit controller. The Remote Display is an LCD to be panel mounted in a remote location and is an option available for purchase.

⚠ WARNING

Electrical shock hazard. Can cause personal injury or equipment damage. Service must be performed only by personnel that are knowledgeable in the operation of the equipment being controlled.

⚠ WARNING

Mechanical high static protection cutoffs must be installed by others to protect the system and equipment from over-pressurization when using factory provided control sensors. The manufacturer does not assume responsibility for this.

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The microprocessor controller can be configured for ventilation and energy recovery systems. All setpoints, lockouts and delays are user adjustable via the integral keypad display, remote display, or web user interface.

General Operation

UNIT DISABLED COMMAND:

The unit becomes disabled due to the following:

- The unit was disabled from the controller's Unit Enable screen.
- The unit was disabled from the BMS.
- The remote start input is in the off position.
- The shutdown input is in the shutdown position.
- A system shutdown alarm was activated.

UNIT START COMMAND: The microprocessor controller requires a digital input to enable operation. The unit can then be commanded on or off by this digital input, keypad, the BMS or schedule. When a start command becomes active the following steps occur:

- Factory mounted and wired dampers are powered (Outside air and exhaust air, if equipped)
- Exhaust fan, if equipped, starts after adjustable delay
- Energy recovery wheel starts, if equipped
- Supply fan starts after adjustable delay
- Tempering operation starts after adjustable delay

UNIT STOP COMMAND: A shutdown occurs when there is not an occupied or unoccupied start command. The following shutdown methods can occur.

Hard shutdown occurs under the following conditions:

- A user or the BMS disables the system, and the supply temperature is less than the soft shutdown enable setpoint.
- Occupancy is commanded to unoccupied while there is no unoccupied start command, and the supply temperature is less than the soft shutdown enable setpoint.

When a hard shutdown occurs:

- The unit shuts down immediately.
- Dampers spring-return to their off position. Damper power is cut 30 sec. after the fans. This allows the fans to slow down prior to spring closing the dampers.

Soft shutdown occurs under the following conditions:

- A user or the BMS disables the system, and the supply temperature is greater than or equal to the soft shutdown enable setpoint.
- There is no unoccupied or occupied start command and the supply temperature is greater than or equal to the soft shutdown enable setpoint.

The following occurs during a soft shutdown:

- Tempering outputs immediately revert back to their off value; while
- Dampers remain open and fans continue to run; until
 - The supply air temperature falls below the soft shutdown enable setpoint minus 5.0°F; or
 - The soft shutdown delay timer has expired.

OCCUPANCY: The microprocessor controller offers five modes of determining occupancy: digital input, occupancy schedule, BMS, always occupied, or always unoccupied. When in the unoccupied mode, the unit can be configured to shut down, or cycle on to maintain the unoccupied space setpoints. The unit can be temporarily overridden to the occupied mode via a digital input, keypad display, or space thermostat, if equipped. Preconditioners only have unoccupied unit off mode and the schedule mode to determine occupancy.

• Occupied Mode:

- Damper Control (refer to Outside Air and Recirculated Air section), if equipped
- Exhaust fan on, if equipped
- Energy Recovery Control (refer to Energy Recovery section), if equipped
- Supply fan on
- Tempering Operations begin

• Unoccupied Mode:

- **Unit Off:** Unit remains off when in unoccupied mode.
- **Normal operation with unoccupied setpoints:** Unoccupied mode will operate as if in occupied mode but will utilize adjustable unoccupied setpoints. This optional sequence is field-enabled.
 - Damper Control (refer to Outside Air and Recirculated Air section), if equipped
 - Exhaust fan on, if equipped
 - Energy Recovery Control (refer to Energy Recovery section), if equipped
 - Supply fan on
 - Tempering Operations begin
- **Night Setback:** Unoccupied mode when there is space temperature and/or humidity sensor(s) connected to the controller. The unit will cycle on to maintain unoccupied space setpoints if there is a call for unoccupied heating or cooling. The unit will control to the maximum supply temperature setpoint for heating and to the minimum supply temperature setpoint for cooling. This optional sequence is field-enabled.
 - Dampers powered
 - Supply fan on
 - Tempering operations begin
 - Exhaust fan off, if equipped
 - Energy Recovery off, if equipped

- **Morning Warm-Up/Cool Down:** At the request to occupy the space, the unit will run using the warm-up or cool down sequence until the occupied setpoint is achieved. The heating or cooling mode must not be locked out and the space temperature is below or above setpoint by the unoccupied hysteresis (5°F, adj). This optional sequence requires a space temperature sensor and is field-enabled. During warm-up/cool down, the unit will run per the nightback sequence above.

Setpoint Control (Continuous)

When the unit is running continuously, the supply air temperature setpoint can be configured as a constant value or reset by either outside air temperature, space temperature, or return temperature. Supply air temperature reset modes can be set for both occupied and unoccupied operation in the controller. If equipped with BMS communications, the BMS system can also directly command the temperature setpoint.

- **Outside Air Temperature Reset:** The controller will adjust the supply air temperature setpoint based on the OA temperature between the min (55°F) and max (70°F). The min and max setpoints can be locally adjusted at the microprocessor for the outside temperatures and the supply air temperature min and max.
- **Space Temperature Reset:** The controller will adjust the supply air temperature setpoint between the min (55°F) and max (90°F) to satisfy the desired occupied or unoccupied space temperature setpoints with a valid space temperature reading. The space temperature setpoint for occupied and unoccupied mode can be adjusted locally at the microprocessor or the BMS. Occupied temperature setpoints can be adjusted at the space thermostat. This optional mode is field-enabled.
- **Return Temperature Reset:** The controller will adjust the supply air temperature setpoint between the min (55°F) and max (90°F) to satisfy the desired occupied or unoccupied return temperature setpoint with a valid return temperature reading. The return temperature setpoint can be adjusted locally at the microprocessor or the BMS. This optional mode is field-enabled.

Setpoint Control (Night Setback)

When the unit is set to cycle on space temperature in night setback, the supply air temperature is automatically set using the following strategy:

- **Heating:** The unit is enabled when the space temperature is less than the unoccupied heating setpoint (60°F). The unit cycles off when the space temperature increases above the unoccupied heating setpoint by the hysteresis amount (5°F). During this time, the supply air temperature setpoint is set to the supply max reset limit (90°F).
- **Cooling:** The unit is enabled when the space temperature is greater than the unoccupied cooling setpoint (80°F). The unit cycles off when the space temperature decreases below the unoccupied cooling setpoint by the hysteresis amount (5°F). During this time, the supply air temperature setpoint is set to the supply min reset limit (55°F).
- **Dehumidifying:** The unit is enabled when the space relative humidity exceeds the unoccupied space relative humidity setpoint (60%). The unit cycles off when the space humidity decreases by the unoccupied dehumidification hysteresis amount (5%). The supply air temperature setpoint will be set to the equivalent occupied supply setpoint. This sequence requires a valid space humidity reading and is field enabled. Alternatively, the unoccupied dehumidification control can be triggered by space dewpoint, space dewpoint or relative humidity or space dewpoint and relative humidity.

Economizer

If the application requires cooling, and the OA conditions are suitable for free cooling, the controller will enter economizer mode. If the unit is economizing and the discharge temperature setpoint is not being met, the controller will bring on mechanical cooling. If equipped with a modulating OA and recirculated air damper, the dampers will modulate between the min OA and max positions to maintain the supply temperature setpoint. If equipped with energy recovery, reference the Energy Recovery sequence.

- **Temperature:** The economizer will be locked out when:
 - The outside air is less than the economizer minimum lockout (40°F) and greater than the economizer maximum lockout (65°F).
 - There is a call for heating.
- **Temperature/Enthalpy:** The economizer will be locked out when:
 - The outside air is less than the economizer minimum lockout (40°F) and greater than the economizer maximum lockout (65°F).
 - The outside air is greater than the economizer high enthalpy lockout (23 btu/lb).
 - There is a call for heating

Supply Fan VFD Sequence

The factory installed VFD is wired to the controller. Supply fan speed needs to be set during test and balance of the unit. If equipped with BMS communications, the user can also directly command the supply fan speed. The following sequences are selectable for supply fan control. The fan speed is constrained by its min and max speed setpoints.

- **Constant Volume:** Supply fan operates at a constant speed based on a constant volume setpoint based on occupancy.
- **0-10 VDC Hardwired Input:** The supply fan is enabled by the unit controller. An external field-supplied 0-10 VDC signal is responsible for modulating the supply fan's speed. Minimums and maximums will still be active and any signal below the minimum (default: 50%/5V) will cause the fan to run at minimum and similar to the maximum.
- **CO₂ Control:** The supply fan modulates to maintain CO₂ setpoint based on a sensor located in the space or return duct. A CO₂ sensor or BMS communicated value is required for this sequence.
- **Duct Static Pressure:** The supply fan modulates to maintain an adjustable duct static setpoint based on a sensor located in the supply duct. A static pressure sensor or BMS communicated value is required for this sequence.
- **Space Static Pressure:** The supply fan modulates to maintain a space static pressure setpoint based on a sensor located in the space. A space static pressure sensor or BMS communicated value is required for this sequence.
- **Two Speed:** The supply fan is enabled by the unit controller. An external field-supplied digital contact is responsible for enabling high speed operation.
- **Network Control:** The supply blower is modulated based upon a command from the Building Management System (BMS). This sequence must be field configured.

Exhaust Fan VFD Sequence

The factory installed VFD is wired to the controller. Exhaust fan speed needs to be set during test and balance of the unit. If equipped with BMS communications, the user can also directly command the exhaust fan speed. The following sequences are selectable for exhaust fan control. The fan speed is constrained by its min and max speed setpoints.

- **Constant Volume:** Exhaust fan operates at a constant speed based on a constant volume setpoint based on occupancy.

- **0-10 VDC Hardwired Input:** The exhaust fan is enabled by the unit controller. An external field-supplied 0-10 VDC signal is responsible for modulating the exhaust fan's speed. Minimums and maximums will still be active and any signal below the minimum (default: 25%/2.5V) will cause the fan to run at minimum and similar to the maximum.
- **Space Static Pressure:** The exhaust fan modulates to maintain a space static pressure setpoint based on a sensor located in the space. A space static pressure sensor or BMS communicated value is required for this sequence.
- **Supply Fan Tracking:** The exhaust fan proportionally modulates based on the supply fan speed plus an adjustable offset (-10%).
- **Exhaust Fan Only Mode:** This fan mode is an optional fan mode available where the exhaust fan and the modulating outside air damper, if equipped, are the only devices enabled. A contact closure enables the mode and forces the exhaust fan to run at 100%. The OA damper is forced to the OAD Exhaust Fan Only position (100%) during this operation. All other fans and tempering devices are disabled during this mode of operation.
- **Duct Static Pressure:** The exhaust blower is modulated based upon the signal from a duct static pressure sensor (factory provided, field mounted, and wired). The controller will modulate the supply fan based upon a comparison of the duct static pressure set point (adj.) to the actual duct static pressure level reported from the sensor. (Mechanical high static protection cutoffs must be installed by others to protect the system and equipment from over-pressurization. The manufacturer does not assume responsibility for this.)
- **Network Control:** The exhaust blower is modulated based upon a command from the Building Management System (BMS). This sequence must be field configured.

Energy Wheel Control

Economizer: If the unit is equipped with an energy recovery wheel, the economizer will modulate/stop the energy wheel to achieve free cooling. When the call for cooling digital input is installed, economizer is only allowed when the input is closed.

- **Stop Wheel:** When economizer mode is enabled and there is a call for cooling, the wheel will stop rotating to allow free cooling.
- **Modulate Wheel:** When economizer mode is enabled and there is a call for cooling, the controller modulates wheel speed to maintain the supply temperature setpoint.
- **Jog Wheel Control:** A jog wheel control sequence allows the wheel to rotate for a short period of time exposing a new section to the air stream. This sequence occurs when the wheel has been off for the Wheel Jog Delay (60 minutes) and rotates for the Wheel Jog Duration (2 minutes).
- **ERV Exhaust Only Operation:** The supply fan and energy recovery device for units with energy wheels will be turned off when provided with an external signal, most commonly provided by an external economizer controller. Only the exhaust fan will be enabled in this mode. This mode does not use the temperature or enthalpy enables. Anytime there is a call for cooling from the external switch the unit will begin exhaust only operation. **This mode is only for standalone preconditioners (do not use for main units tempering space).**

Frost Control (Polymer): The microprocessor controller will activate the frost control method when the OA temperature is less than the defrost setpoint (5°F) and the wheel pressure switch is closed due to a high wheel pressure drop. Once the pressure drop decreases below the pressure switch point or the OA temperature increases, the unit will resume normal operation.

- **Electric Preheater:** When frosting is occurring, the preheater is energized to defrost the wheel.
- **Modulate Wheel:** When frosting is occurring, the wheel slows to allow defrosting to occur.
- **Cycle Wheel:** When frosting is occurring, the energy wheel is cycled off for a defrost cycle time (5 minutes). After the defrost cycle time, the wheel is re-energized to continue normal operation. The controller will not allow another defrost cycle for a min normal operating cycle time (30 minutes).
- **Timed Exhaust:** When frosting is occurring, the supply fan is cycled off along with the tempering for a defrost cycle time (5 minutes). The exhaust fan will continue to run allowing the warm exhaust air to defrost the wheel. After the defrost cycle time, the supply fan and tempering are re-energized to continue normal operation. The controller will not allow another defrost cycle for a min normal operating cycle time (30 minutes).

Enthalpic Core Control

Economizer: If the unit is equipped with an energy recovery enthalpy core heat exchanger and bypass damper, the economizer will open the bypass damper to achieve free cooling. When the call for cooling digital input is installed, economizer is only allowed when the input is closed.

- **Core Bypass:** When the application requires cooling and the outdoor air conditions are suitable for free cooling, the core bypass dampers will be opened.
- **ERV Exhaust Only Operation:** The supply fan will be turned off when provided with an external signal, most commonly provided by an external economizer controller. Only the exhaust fan will be enabled in this mode. This mode does not use the temperature or enthalpy enables. Anytime there is a call for cooling from the external switch the unit will begin exhaust only operation. **This mode is only for standalone preconditioners (do not use for main units tempering space).**

Frost Control (Enthalpic Core): The microprocessor controller will activate the frost control based on the following methods when the exhaust air temperature is less than 36°F (adj.).

- **Electric Preheater:** The preheater is energized to defrost the wheel.
- **Timed Exhaust :** The supply blower is cycled (30 min. ON/5 min. OFF (adj.)) to allow the warm exhaust air to defrost the wheel.

Alarms

The microprocessor controller monitors alarms and will alarm on the following conditions:

- **Dirty Filter Alarm:** If the outside air or return air filter differential pressure rises above the differential pressure switch setpoint, the microprocessor controller will activate an alarm.
- **Supply and Exhaust Air Proving Alarm:** Microprocessor controller monitors fan proving on each blower and displays an alarm in case of blower failure.
- **Sensor Alarm:** Microprocessor controller will send an alarm if a failed sensor is detected (temperature, pressure, relative humidity).
- **Supply Air Low Limit:** If the supply air temperature drops below the supply air low limit (35°F), the controller disables the unit and activate the alarm output after a preset time delay (300 sec.).
- **Condensate Overflow:** Microprocessor controller monitors the float switch installed in the drain pan and will disable the unit and activate an alarm on high condensate.
- **Other Alarms:** Wheel Rotation, High Wheel Pressure.

Tempering Sequence of Operation

Only applies to units with tempering installed.

Heating

The heating is controlled to maintain the supply temperature setpoint. The heating will be locked out when the outside air temperature is above the heating lockout (80°F adj).

- **Hot Water:** Microprocessor controller will modulate a hot water valve (provided by others) to maintain the supply temperature setpoint. **Coil freeze protection must be provided by others in the field!**
- **Electric Heater:** Microprocessor controller will modulate an electric heater to maintain the supply temperature setpoint.

Cooling

The cooling is controlled to maintain the supply temperature setpoint. The cooling will be locked out when the outside air temperature is below the cooling lockout (55°F).

- **Chilled Water:** Microprocessor controller will modulate a chilled water valve (provided by others) to maintain supply air setpoint. **Coil freeze protection must be provided by others in the field!**

Dehumidification

Dehumidification enable can be selected based on any of the following sensor readings: outside air temperature, indoor dew point, indoor relative humidity, or outside dew point.

- **Outside Temperature:** Dehumidification is enabled when the OA temperature is greater than the cold coil setpoint plus an offset (10°F). Dehumidification is disabled when the OA temperature falls below the enable point by a hysteresis (2°F).

The following enable setpoints may be used separately or in conjunction with one another. Each has a setpoint to enable dehumidification and uses a temperature or humidity hysteresis to disable dehumidification.

- **Indoor Dew Point** - **Indoor RH**
- **Outside Dew Point**

A constant call for dehumidification must be present for the duration of the enable delay for the dehumidification mode to become enabled. The call remains active until conditions are satisfied and dehumidification mode has been active for the minimum active time.

- **Cooling Coil Setpoint:** When an indoor humidity sensor or temperature and humidity sensors (space or return) are installed, the controller can adjust the cold coil leaving air temperature setpoint between the minimum (50°F) and maximum (55°F) setpoint. This function can be enabled or disabled by selecting the reset mode for the setpoint.

Reheat

While the unit is dehumidifying, the supply air temperature is maintained by controlling the reheat device to the supply air setpoint.

- **Reheat Plus:** The microprocessor controller can be configured to use the primary heat source as secondary reheat.

Display Use

The microprocessor controller is located in the unit control center. The face of the controller has six buttons, allowing the user to view unit conditions and alter parameters. The microprocessor controller is pre-programmed with easy to use menus. A remote display is also available.

Keypad Description		
Button	Description	Functions
	Main Menu	Press to go directly to the Main Menu from any screen. From the Main Menu, navigate to the following screens: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit Enable • Unit Status • Ctrl Variables • Alarm Menu
	Alarm	The Alarm button flashes when there is an active alarm. Press to view alarms. Press twice to go to the alarms reset screen.
	Escape	Press from the Main Menu to view the Unit Status screen. Press to go back one menu level.
	Up	Press to navigate through the menus/screens. Press after entering a variable to increase a current value.
	Enter	Press to enter a highlighted menu or screen item. Press to enter a writable variable and press again to confirm the new variable value.
	Down	Press to navigate menus/screens. Press after entering a variable to decrease the current value.
	2 Button Click	Unit display on web interface only. These two buttons on the virtual keypad/display are used to simulate two-button actions on the handheld keypad/display. To simulate pressing two buttons simultaneously: 1. Click on 2-Button Click. 2. Then, sequentially click on two keypad buttons (Main, Alarm, Escape, Up, Enter, Down). To simulate pressing and holding two buttons simultaneously: 1. Click on 2-Button Hold. 2. Then, sequentially click on two keypad buttons (Main, Alarm, Escape, Up, Enter, Down).
	2 Button Hold	

Parameter Adjustment



The cursor always begins in the upper left corner of the display and will be blinking. Press the button to move the cursor down for parameter adjustment.



Once the cursor has reached the desired parameter, press the buttons to adjust the value.



When satisfied with the adjustment, press the button to save the parameter. When finished, make certain the cursor is in the upper left corner. If the cursor is not in the upper left corner, the changes will not be saved. The cursor must be in the upper left corner to enable screen advancement.

Web User Interface

The Web User Interface allows access to the unit controller through the building network. Reference Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Network Settings to set the IP network protocol. Once proper communication is established, the user can click on the follow tabs:

Overview – Includes a functioning unit graphic, monitoring points, and active setpoint adjustment.

Alarms – Shows current and cleared alarms.

Trending – User can view past and present controller points.

Information – Provides manufacturer support information as well as IOM resources.

Service – User must be logged in with service access criteria (9998). Once proper login is established, the user can view configured input/output points associated with the unit controller

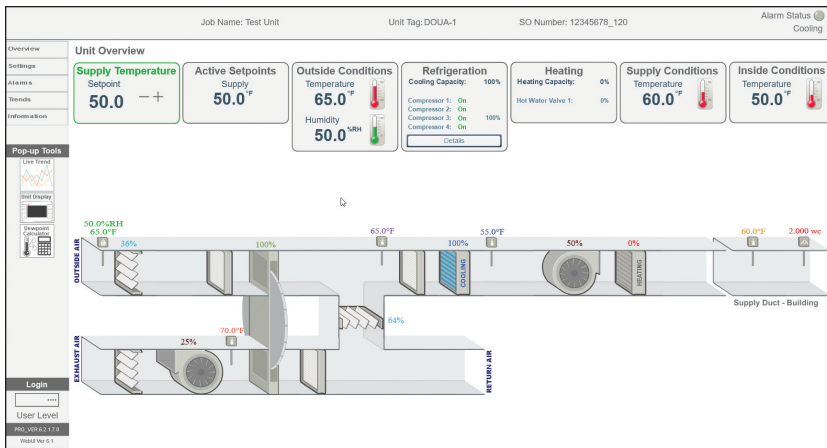
Pop-Up Tools

Live Trend - User can see current values from the controller. The list of variables available is preselected based on the configuration of the unit.

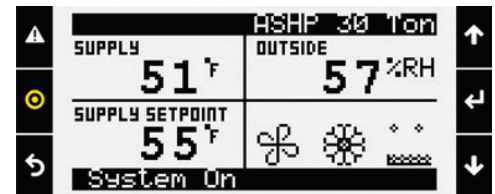
Unit Display - Mimics the unit controller display. Allows the user full access to the controller without having to physically be at the unit.

Dewpoint Calculator - A calculator with three sliders to determine the dew point, temperature, or humidity. Two of the three values are necessary to get the third.

Upgrade Application - A new application program can be loaded to the controller via the WebUI.



Web User Interface



2 Button Click 2 Button Hold

Unit Display



Web User Interface

Logged in with Service, red boxes will appear after logging in.

Main Menu Navigation

Unit Enable

Main Status

- ↳ Unit Status
 - ↳ Input Output Status
- Note:**
Additional status screens are displayed depending on unit configuration. Screens may include, but are not limited to:
- Occupancy
 - Damper positions
 - Fan status
 - Airflow
 - Setpoints
 - Economizer
 - Energy recovery
 - Cooling
 - Circuit pressure
 - Heating
 - Dehumidification
 - Static pressure



Ctrl Variables

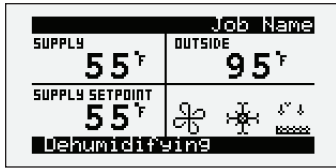
- ↳ Temp Control
 - ↳ Dehumidification
 - ↳ Economizer
 - ↳ Damper Control
 - ↳ Energy Recovery
 - ↳ Fan Control
 - ↳ Supply Fan Control
 - ↳ Exhaust Fan Control
 - ↳ Occupancy
 - ↳ Advanced
 - ↳ Login
 - ↳ Manual Overrides
 - ↳ Adv. Setpoints*
 - ↳ PID Tuning*
 - ↳ Network Settings
 - ↳ Backup/Restore
 - ↳ IO Status/Offset*
 - ↳ IO Config
 - ↳ Unit Config*
 - ↳ Service Config
 - ↳ Factory Config
 - ↳ Unit Settings*
 - ↳ Service Info*
 - ↳ Alarm Management
 - ↳ Shutdown Alarms
 - ↳ General Alarms
- *Consult factory for more information.

Alarm Menu

- ↳ Alarm History
- ↳ Active Alarms
- ↳ Reset History
- ↳ Clear History
- ↳ Export History

Unit Status Overview

The microprocessor controller will revert to a default main menu loop. This loop includes several screens to view the operating conditions of the unit. Scroll through the menu screens by using the   buttons.









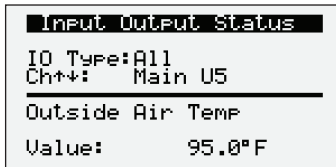
THE INITIAL MENU SCREEN DISPLAYS THE JOB NAME, UNIT TAG, UNIT STATUS, OUTSIDE AIR CONDITIONS, SPACE CONDITIONS AND SETPOINTS.

Possible modes include:

- Standby
- Unoccupied Start
- Occupied Start
- Opening Dampers
- Dampers Open
- Fan Start Delay
- Exhaust Fan Start
- Supply Fan Start
- Startup Delay
- System On
- Soft Shutdown
- System Disabled
- Remote Off (S1 Open)
- System Shutdown Alarm
- Exhaust Only
- Fans Only Purge
- Case Heat Active
- Fans Only
- Economizing
- Cooling
- Heating
- Dehumidifying
- Exhaust Econ Active
- ER Defrost Active
- Overrides Active
- Expansion Offline
- Energy Recovery
- Morning Seq Active
- Winter Ramp Active

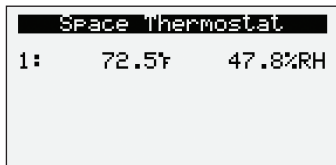
Unit Status Screen Symbols

Symbol	Indicates	Symbol	Indicates
	Supply air fan status. Rotation indicates airflow; static blades indicate no airflow.		Dehumidifying
	Cooling		Economizing
	Heating		Defrosting



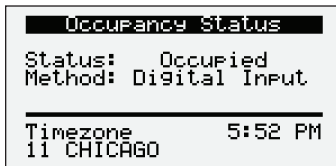
INPUT OUTPUT STATUS

Displays real time conditions from sensors located in the unit and building space if equipped with space mounted sensors. Controller output conditions can also be viewed from this screen. To view the desired input/output point, the user must select the desired channel. Reference the unit schematics for individual point locations.



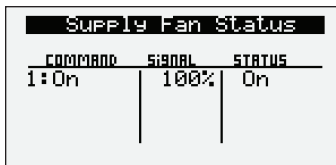
SPACE THERMOSTAT STATUS

This screen displays the current temperature and relative humidity for up to four space thermostats that are communicated to the controller via Modbus.



OCCUPANCY STATUS

Displays current status of occupancy and the configured occupancy control method and time zone.



SUPPLY FAN STATUS

This screen displays the fan enable command, fan proving status, and the supply fan ramp being sent from the controller to the VFD. The controller can modulate the fan between the min and max speeds.

Unit Status Overview

Exhaust Fan Status

COMMAND	SIGNAL	STATUS
1:On	100%	On

EXHAUST FAN STATUS

This screen displays the fan enable command, fan proving status, and the exhaust fan ramp being sent from the controller to the VFD. The controller can modulate the fan between the min and max speeds.

Airflow Status

Supply Fan: 0 cfm
Exhaust Fan: 0 cfm
Outside Air: 0 cfm

AIRFLOW STATUS

This screen displays the current airflow volumes if the unit is provided with airflow monitoring. Supply Fan, Exhaust Fan, and Outside Air airflow are optional monitoring sensors that will appear when installed.

Ambient Lockout Status

Heating: Allowed
Cooling: Allowed
Economizer: Allowed
HP Heating: Allowed
Preheat: Disabled
Outside Temp: 70.0f

AMBIENT LOCKOUT STATUS

Displays the lockout status for heating, cooling, economizing, preheat, and heat pump heating based on the outside air ambient temperature. Ambient lockouts for heating and cooling can be altered by entering Main Menu/Ctrl Variables/Temp Control.

Outside Reset

Outside Temp: 95.0f
Supply Spt: 55.0f
Active Spt: 55.0f

OUTSIDE RESET

This screen will be active if the controller is configured for outside air reset. The heating and cooling devices modulate to maintain the supply air temperature setpoint as determined by the outside reset calculation.

Active Reset

Supply Temp: 70.0f
Supply Spt: 72.0f
Cooling Spt: 74.0f
Heating Spt: 70.0f
Active Spt: 72.0f

ACTIVE RESET

This screen will be active if temperature control mode is set for space or return air reset. The supply temperature setpoint is calculated based on the active setpoint and the current space or return temperature. The calculated setpoint is scaled between the supply temperature min and max setpoints determined by the current mode of operation.

Supply Setpoint

Supply Temp: 71.5f
Setpoint: 72.0f

SUPPLY SETPOINT

This screen is active when supply temp control is selected or the active mode of control. Displays current supply temperature and supply temperature setpoint to be achieved.

Economizer Ramp

Setpoint: 72.0f
Temp: 71.5f
Ramp: Disabled 0%
Mode:
Outside Dry Bulb

ECONOMIZER RAMP

The economizer ramp screen will be active if the unit is configured for economizer control. This screen displays the economizer setpoint, supply air discharge temperature, economizer ramp status, and economizer control mode. Economizer control mode options include, outside dry bulb, outside enthalpy, comparative dry bulb, and comparative enthalpy.

Case Heat

Setpoint: 40.0f
Case Temp: 76.8f
Ramp: Enabled 0%

CASE HEAT

When the unit is off or in standby, the hot water valve will be modulated to maintain the case temperature to the case heat setpoint.

Unit Status Overview

CO₂ RAMP OUTPUT

Setpoint: 1000PPM
CO₂ Level: 0PPM
Ramp: Disabled 0%

CO₂ RAMP OUTPUT

The CO₂ Ramp Output screen will be active if the unit is configured for CO₂ control. This screen displays the CO₂ setpoint, CO₂ level from the space, and the status of the control ramp.

Energy Recovery

Status: Disabled
Ramp: 0%
Bypass Damper: 100%

ENERGY RECOVERY STATUS

This screen provides overall status of the energy recovery device. The device installed, heat wheel, face damper, or bypass damper will appear with the speed or position of the device.

ER Defrost

Setpoint: 25.0°F
Exhaust Temp: 70.0°F
Outside Temp: 70.0°F
Press Switch: Defrost
Ramp: 0%

DEFROST RAMP OUTPUT

This screen only appears if the unit has energy recovery, and a frost control method was provided on the unit.

If the energy recovery device is a polymer wheel, the state of the wheel high differential pressure switch will be displayed.

Upon sensing a high differential pressure across the energy wheel, the unit will go into defrost if the outside air temperature is below the defrost temperature setpoint.

Preheat

Damper Setpt: 30%
OA Damper: 0%
Preheat: Inactive

Modulating OA Damper

PREHEAT STATUS

This screen displays the position of the Outside Air Damper and whether the preheater is active or inactive. When the outside air damper is modulating, the damper setpoint for the preheater is also displayed.

Preheat

OA Damper: Closed
Preheat: Inactive

100 % Outside Air

Cooling Ramp 1

Setpoint: 72.0°F
Supply: 71.5°F
Ramp: Enabled 27%
Capacity: 27%

Press ENTER for detail

COOLING RAMP 1

This screen displays the active setpoint, supply discharge temperature, cooling enable/disable, cooling ramp being sent from the controller, and the overall capacity being demanded.

Heating Ramp

Setpoint: 72.0°F
Supply: 71.5°F
Ramp: Disabled 0%

HEATING RAMP

This screen displays the active setpoint, supply air temperature, status of the heating control ramp, and heating ramp being sent from the controller.

Unit Status Overview

Electric Heat Status

Elec Heater 1: 100%

ELECTRIC Heat Status

This screen displays the status of the electric heat installed in the unit.

Dehumidification

Status: Enabled
Based On:
OAT > Coil Set+Offset

Overcooled: No
Enable Delay: 0s

DEHUMIDIFICATION

This screen will display the overall dehumidification status and selected dehumidification control mode.

The following dehumidification modes are available when the space is in occupied mode:

- Cold coil setpoint plus offset (10°F)
- Inside RH*
- Inside dew point*
- Outside dew point
- Inside RH or inside dew point*
- Inside RH or inside dew point or outside dew point
- Inside RH and inside dew point*
- Inside RH and inside dew point or outside dew point

*Available during unoccupied mode.

Dehum Coil Reset

Setpoint: 55.0%rh
Space RH: 33.0%rh

Coil Setpt: 55.0°F

Current Mode:
Indoor RH

DEHUMIDIFICATION COIL RESET

This screen displays information on the dehumidification coil reset control.

When dehumidification cooling coil reset is enabled, this screen will appear with additional information about the space or return humidity, the setpoint, and the current coil setpoint.

SUPPLY Space Static

Output: 0.0%
Static: 0.000"wc
Setpoint: 0.050"wc

SUPPLY SPACE STATIC

This screen displays status points if the unit is configured for space static pressure control. Status points include controller output ramp, static pressure in the space, and the space static pressure setpoint. Similar status screens appear for exhaust fan and outside air damper control if the unit is configured.

SUPPLY Duct Static

Output: 0.0%
Static: 0.000"wc
Setpoint: 1.000"wc

SUPPLY/RETURN DUCT STATIC

This screen displays status points if the unit is configured for duct static pressure control. Status points include controller output ramp, static pressure in the duct, and the duct static pressure setpoint. Similar status screen will appear for the exhaust fan if the unit is configured for exhaust fan duct static control.

Outside Air Conditions

Temp: 51.8°F
Humidity: 61%
Enthalpy: 17.9btu/lb
Dewpoint: 38.6°F



CONDITIONS

The condition screens are active when both temperature and humidity sensors for the location are installed in the unit. The enthalpy and dew point are calculated based on the temperature and humidity readings. The unit altitude is used for the enthalpy calculation.

Space Conditions

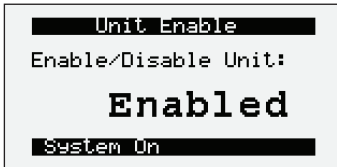
Temp: 71.6°F
Humidity: 80%
Enthalpy: 31.9btu/lb
Dewpoint: 65.2°F

Menu

The controller is equipped with several menus to help guide users with altering program parameters. The following menus can be accessed by pressing the  button. To enter the desired menu, press the  button.

Unit Enable

The **Unit Enable** menu allows the user to enable and disable the unit through the controller. Reference sequence of operation for additional unit starts/stop details.



CHANGE UNIT ENABLE


This screen allows the user to manually turn the unit on or off via display.

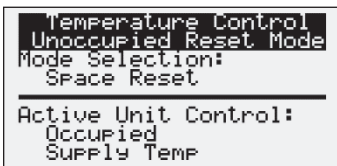
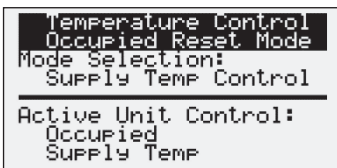
Note: The unit is shipped disabled from the factory. **To start the unit, a field-wired jumper or fire switch must be installed at S6 for the Building Fire Alarm input.** The factory-installed jumper may be replaced with a switch at S1 for the Remote Start input. Refer to unit wiring diagram for more information.

Control Variables

The **Control Variables** menu allows the user to view and adjust unit control parameters.

Control Variables

 Temp Control



The **Temperature Control** menu allows the user to view and adjust temperature control conditions of the unit. Economizer setpoint adjustment is also found at this location if the unit is equipped with outside air and recirculation dampers.

RESET MODES FOR TEMPERATURE CONTROL

Reset Mode selections are available for both occupied and unoccupied operation. Unoccupied Reset Mode is available when Unoccupied Reset Mode is selected to Normal Operation or Recirculation with Unoccupied Setpoints. The Unoccupied Reset Mode will hide when Night Setback or Off is selected for Unoccupied Unit Operation.

Setpoint Selections:

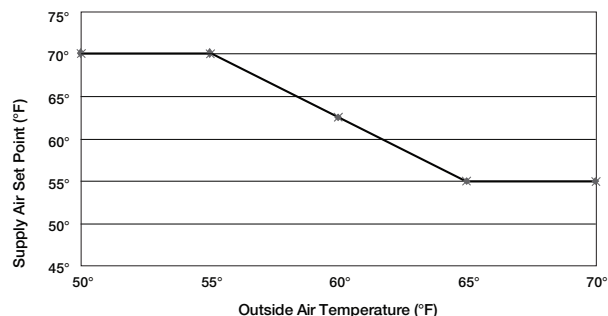
Supply Temp Control – The supply discharge setpoint is a constant value (e.g. 72°F). Reference Temperature Setpoint screen for setpoint adjustment.

Space Reset – The controller will reset the supply air temperature setpoint to maintain the space temperature setpoint (requires space temp sensor). Reference the Temperature Setpoint screen for space setpoint adjustment.

Return Reset – The controller will reset the supply air temperature setpoint to maintain the return air temperature setpoint (requires duct mounted return air temp sensor). Reference the Temperature Setpoint screen for return air setpoint adjustment.

OA Reset – The controller monitors the OA temperature and adjusts the desired supply temperature setpoint accordingly. For example, when the OA is below 55°F, the controller will change the supply setpoint to 70°F. If the OA is above 65°F, the controller will change the supply setpoint to 55°F. If the OA temperature is between 55°F and 65°F, the supply setpoint changes according to the OA reset function. A visual representation of the OA reset function is shown below. Reference Outside Setpoints for min and max outside air limits.

Outdoor Air Reset Function



```

Temperature Control
Occupied Temp Reset
Setpoint:      72.0°F
Deadband:     4.0°F
-----
Cooling Set:   74.0°F
Heating Set:   70.0°F
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Occupied Supply Temp
Setpoint:      78.0°F
-----
Supply temp control
setpoint during
occupied operation.
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Unoccupied Temp Reset
Setpoint:      70.0°F
Deadband:     20.0°F
-----
Cooling Set:   80.0°F
Heating Set:   60.0°F
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Unoccupied Supply Temp
Setpoint:      65.0°F
-----
Supply temp control
setpoint during
unoccupied operation.
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Cooling Reset Limits
Maximum:       90.0°F
Minimum:       55.0°F
-----
Min & max reset values
Occupied & Unoccupied
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Heating Reset Limits
Maximum:       90.0°F
Minimum:       55.0°F
-----
Min & max reset values
Occupied & Unoccupied
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Unoccupied Hysteresis
Cooling:       5.0°F
Heating:       5.0°F
-----
Hysteresis to turn off
for Night Setback.
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Outside Reset
OA Temp      Setpt
55.0°F >>>  90.0°F
65.0°F >>>  55.0°F
-----
Supply Setpt: 55.0°F
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Mode Switch Delay
Delay:        120s
-----
Delay before switching
between heating and
cooling modes.
    
```

TEMPERATURE SETPOINT

One of the setpoint screens appears when supply temp control, space reset, or return reset is selected as the reset control mode.

Setpoint Selections:

Local – The space setpoint will be constant; set from screen (e.g. 72°F).

BMS – The BMS can directly control the space temperature setpoint (requires BMS communication option).

T-Stat – The space setpoint will be adjustable from the space thermostat.

Reference Appendix: Space Thermostat Quick Start for additional information.

Deadband:

When space reset or return air reset is selected, the setpoint and deadband screen appears. The deadband allows for separate cooling and heating setpoints.

UNOCCUPIED TEMPERATURE SETPOINT

The unoccupied temperature reset and supply temperature setpoint operation works the same as occupied when the unoccupied unit operation is selected as Normal operation with unoccupied setpoints or Recirculation with unoccupied setpoints.

When night setback cycle is selected, please see the sequence of operation for Setpoint Control (Night Setback) section.

TEMPERATURE RESET SETPOINTS

Cooling and heating supply setpoints screens only appear if outdoor reset, space reset, or return air reset is selected. These screens allow the user to set the min and max setpoint limits for cooling or heating operation. The controller will adjust the supply temperature setpoint between the set limits depending on mode of operation.

UNOCCUPIED HYSTERESIS

When the unit is operating in Unoccupied Night Setback, the sequence uses a hysteresis added(heating) or subtracted(cooling) from the setpoint to turn the unit back off.

OUTSIDE RESET SETPOINTS

This screen only appears if outside reset is selected as the reset control mode.

MODE SWITCH DISPLAY

This screen displays the delay time required before switching between heating and cooling mode.

```

Temperature Control
Startup Delay
Delay:                30s
-----
Delay before enabling
unit ctrl at startup.
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Cooling
Amb Lockout:         55.0°F
-----
Outside Temp:       70.0°F
Currently Allowed
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Heating
Amb Lockout:         80.0°F
-----
Outside Temp:       70.0°F
Currently Allowed
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Preheat
Amb Lockout:         10°F
OAD En Pos:          30%
-----
Outside Temp:       70.0°F
Currently Disabled
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Winter Ramp
Enable:              No
Mode:                Supply Fan
OAT Enable:          40.0°F
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Case Heat
Setpoint:            40.0°F
-----
Uses Hot Water Valve
To maintain Coil/Mixed
temp in unit off mode.
    
```

```

Temperature Control
Space Thermostat
Quantity:            1
    
```

STARTUP DISPLAY

This screen displays the delay time after the fans have started and tempering begins.

COOLING LOCKOUT

This screen displays the cooling lockout temperature. Cooling will be disabled when outside air is below the cooling lockout temperature (55°F).

HEATING LOCKOUT

This screen displays the heating lockout temperature. Heating will be disabled when outside air is above the lockout temperature (80°F).

PREHEAT LOCKOUT

The preheat lockout screen appears when preheat is installed in the unit. Preheat is not allowed when the outside air temperature is above the lockout temperature (10°F). Further, the outside damper position must be greater than the OAD En Pos setpoint (30%), on recirculating air units where preheat may be allowed.

WINTER RAMP

The winter ramp function prevents the supply temperature from dropping below setpoint under the following conditions:

- Outside air temperature is below the winter ramp enable setpoint; and
- Heating capacity is at 100%

One of the following is used to perform the winter ramp function:

- Supply fan speed; or
- Outside air damper position

Note: If the unit is a heat pump, the supply fan is always used.

CASE HEAT

The case heat function allows the use of the hot water valve modulation to maintain the temperature of the case when the unit is off or in standby mode.

Case heat can be disabled with the service password in Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Adv. Setpoints.

MODBUS SPACE T-STAT

The quantity of thermostats installed in the space that communicate the temperature, humidity, and setpoint to the controller. The controller averages the temperature and humidity readings when there is more than one installed. See Appendix C for more information.

Control Variables

↳ Dehumidification

```

Cold Coil Setpoint
Reset Mode:      None
Coil Setpoint:  50.0°F

Current Mode:
None - Fixed Setpoint
    
```

```

Dehumidification Mode
Occupied Mode
Dehumidify when:
Indoor RH      > 55%RH
OR
Indoor Dewpt  > 55.0°F
OR
Outside Dewpt > 60.0°F
    
```

```

Dehumidification Mode
Unoccupied Mode
Dehumidify when:
Indoor RH      > 60%RH
OR
Indoor Dewpt  > 55.0°F
    
```

```

Dehumidification
Occupied Hysteresis
Humidity:      4.0%RH
DewPoint:      2.0°F

Unoccupied Hysteresis
Humidity:      5.0%RH
DewPoint:      2.5°F
    
```

The **Dehumidification** menu allows the user to view and adjust dehumidification control parameters.

COLD COIL SETPOINT

When an indoor humidity sensor or temperature and humidity sensors (space or return) are installed, the controller can adjust the cold coil leaving air temperature setpoint between the minimum (50°F) and maximum (55°F) setpoint. This function can be enabled or disabled by selecting the reset mode for the setpoint. If the indoor sensor becomes unavailable, the reset mode will become None until the sensor becomes available.

Reset Mode:

- None: The setpoint will remain static (50°F). This is the default when a space or return humidity are not.
- RH: The setpoint will reset based on the indoor humidity.
- Dewpoint: The setpoint will reset based on the indoor dew point.

DEHUMIDIFICATION MODE - OCCUPIED

Possible Modes:

- Outside Air Temp is greater than cold coil setpoint plus offset (10°F)
 - Inside RH*
 - Inside dew point*
 - Outside dew point
 - Inside RH or inside dew point*
 - Inside RH or inside dew point or outside dew point
 - Inside RH and inside dew point*
 - Inside RH and inside dew point or outside dew point
- *Available during unoccupied mode.

There must be a constant call for dehumidification for the duration of the enable delay for dehumidification mode to become enabled. The call remains active until conditions are satisfied and dehumidification mode has been active for the min active time. Reference Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Unit Config/Unit Configuration Occupied Dehum Call for dehumidification method options.

DEHUMIDIFICATION MODE - UNOCCUPIED

If the unit is unoccupied while there is a dehumidification call, the unit will start and dehumidify until the unoccupied dehumidification setpoints are satisfied. The above dehumidification modes marked with an * indicate availability during unoccupied mode. The unoccupied dehumidification mode can be set differently than the occupied dehumidification mode. Reference Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Unit Config/Unit Configuration Unoccupied Dehum Call for dehumidification method options.

DEHUMIDIFICATION HYSTERESIS

This screen displays hysteresis for enabling dehumidification during occupied and unoccupied conditions. %RH for indoor RH control and °F for indoor dew point control. Example: If indoor RH setpoint = 50%, dehumidification is enabled when indoor RH equals 50% and above. Dehumidification is disabled when indoor RH is below 44%.

Dehumidification Mode

On Delay: 2m
Minimum On time: 15m

Temp vs Dehum Priority

Priority: Temperature

Select Dehumidify to allow dehum when the space is overcooled.

Temp vs Dehum Priority

Priority: Dehumidify
Coil Offset: 0.0f

Select Dehumidify to allow dehum when the space is overcooled.

Heat vs Dehum Priority

Priority: Dehumidify

Select Heat to not allow switching into dehum when heating.

DEHUMIDIFICATION TIMERS

This screen allows adjustment for delay and minimum on time for dehumidification mode. Times are in place to prevent short cycling between dehumidification and other control modes.

DEHUMIDIFICATION PRIORITY

The following screens are used to determine what mode of operation is priority: temperature over dehumidification or heating over dehumidification.

Both priority selections determine when the unit is allowed to dehumidify.

1. Temperature vs Dehumidification

Determines when the unit is allowed to dehumidify based on the space/return air temperatures. This screen will only appear if the temperature mode selected is space or return reset.

a. Temperature - If temperature is set as the priority, box checked, and the space or return air is over cooled, dehumidification is locked out until the space or return temperature is no longer overcooled.

b. Dehumidification - If the priority is dehumidification, box not checked, and the space or return air is over cooled, the coil offset will be added to the coil leaving setpoint. (Default 0°F offset).

c. Overcooled - If space or return reset is enabled, the target is considered over cooled when it is 4°F below setpoint for 5 minutes. It remains over cooled until the target is at setpoint and the over-cool logic has been active for 5 minutes.

2. Heating vs Dehumidification

Determines when the unit is allowed to dehumidify when heating is active.

a. Heating - If priority is heat, the unit locks out dehumidification while heating is active.

b. Dehumidification - If priority is dehumidify, the unit is allowed to switch to dehumidification when heating is active.

Control Variables

↳ Economizer

The **Economizer** menu allows the user to view and adjust economizer control parameters. The economizer menu appears when the economizer function is enabled.

```

Economizer Control
Selected Mode:
Disabled

Active Mode:
Disabled
    
```

ECONOMIZER MODE

The user can select the economizer control method desired for the unit. The screens show the setpoints that are active to enable economizer function.

```

Economizer Control
Outside Dry Bulb
Economize when:
Temperature > 40.0°F
AND
Temperature < 65.0°F

Act Mode: OA Dry Bulb
    
```

Economizer Ambient Lockout – Economizing is allowed when the outside dry bulb is greater than the first economizer temperature setpoint. (40°F).

The ambient lockout is always used to enable economizer along with one of the following selections:

```

Economizer Control
OA Enthalpy & Dry Bulb
Economize when:
Temperature > 40.0°F
AND
Temperature < 65.0°F
AND
Enthalpy < 23.0btu/lb
    
```

Mode Selections:

- ***Outside Dry Bulb*** – Economizing is allowed when the outside dry bulb is less than the second economizer temperature setpoint (65°F).
- ***Outside Enthalpy*** - Economizing is allowed when outside enthalpy is less than the economizer enthalpy setpoint (23/btu/lb).
- ***Outside Enthalpy & Dry Bulb*** - Economizing is allowed when outside enthalpy is less than the enthalpy set point (23btu/lb) and the outside temperature is less than the temperature set point (65°F).
- ***Comparative Dry Bulb*** - Economizing is allowed when outside temperature is less than the space or return temperature.

```

Economizer Control
Comparative Dry Bulb
Economize when:
Outside Temp > 40.0°F
AND Outside < Indoor
70.0°F < 69.9°F

Act Mode:Comp Dry Bulb
    
```

```

Economizer Control
Comparative Enthalpy
Economize when:
Outside Temp > 40.0°F
AND Outside < Indoor
25.4 < 22.6btu/lb

Act Mode:Comp Enthalpy
    
```

```

Economizer Control
Hysteresis
Temperature:    2.0°F
Enthalpy:      2.0btu/lb
    
```

```

Economizer Control
Energy Rec/OA Damper
Device:        OAD & ER
Opens OAD & Reduces ER
Selects which devices
are controlled by Econ
    
```

```

Economizer Control
Energy Rec/OA Damper
Device:        ER Only
Reduces ER Only
Selects which devices
are controlled by Econ
    
```

Control Variables

↳ Damper Control

```

Fan Damper Delay
Delay:         30s
Time allowed for the
damper to open prior
to allowing fans to
run.
    
```

Control Variables

↳ Energy Recovery

```

Defrost Ramp
Defrost Setpt: 5.0°F
Max Active Time: 5m
Min Off Time:   30m
RAMP:          0%
    
```

```

Heat Wheel
Jog Control
Enable:        Yes
Delay:         60m
Duration:      2m
    
```

ECONOMIZER HYSTERESIS

There is a built-in hysteresis that disables economizer above the economizer setpoint.

(Example: If economizer outside dry bulb = 65°F, economizer operation is disabled above 67°F).

ECONOMIZER DEVICE CONTROL

This screen determines what devices in the unit the economizer function utilizes. The option to have the outside air damper and energy recovery devices both affected by economizer or the only energy recovery device in 100% outdoor air units.

OAD – Indicates that the Outside Air Damper position will be affected by the economizer ramp. The outside air damper will modulate between the min and max position to maintain the supply temperature setpoint.

ER – Indicates that the Energy Recovery wheel speed or Core bypass damper position will be affected by the economizer ramp. When the economizer control is set to ER, the energy recovery speed is reduced, or the bypass damper is opened to ensure no energy is transferred from the supply airstream and exhaust airstream.

The **Damper Control** menu allows the user to adjust damper control setpoints.

FAN DAMPER DELAY

This screen allows adjustment for delay time between damper opening and fan operation. This timer allows the damper to open before the fan start sequence begins. This prevents the fans from having to overcome higher static pressure when the damper(s) are opening.

The **Energy Recovery** menu allows the user to adjust energy recovery device sequence setpoints.

DEFROST RAMP

This screen displays the temperature at which the unit will enable frost control mode if necessary. The factory default is dependent on the energy recovery device installed. This screen only appears if the unit has energy recovery and a frost control method was selected.

Max active time and min off time will be available if the frost control method selected was timed exhaust.

ENERGY RECOVERY WHEEL JOG FUNCTION

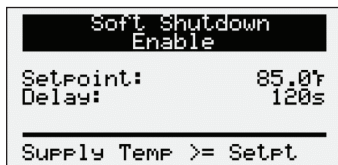
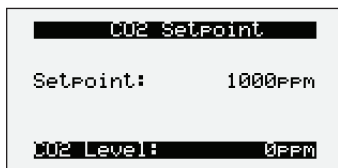
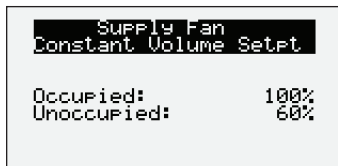
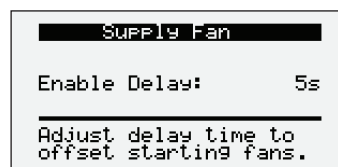
This screen displays the energy recovery wheel jog combine to setpoints. This screen only appears if the unit is equipped with an energy recovery wheel.

When the wheel has been disabled for the delay time, the wheel jog function enables the wheel for the duration.



Control Variables

- ↳ Fan Control
- ↳ Supply Fan Control



ENERGY RECOVERY WHEEL MINIMUM SPEED

This heat wheel minimum speed screen will appear when the energy recovery device is a modulating wheel. The minimum speed set point determines the minimum speed a modulating wheel can rotate.

The **Supply Fan Control** menu allows the user to adjust supply control setpoints.

SUPPLY FAN DELAY

The supply fan delay will begin once the damper sequence is complete. This delay can be used to offset starting times between the supply fan and exhaust fan.

SUPPLY FAN SPEED

This screen displays min and max supply fan speed percentages. The speed setpoint is the proportional percentage of the analog output from the controller to the VFD.

50% Speed = Min speed

100% Speed = Max speed

Setpoint Selections:

Constant Volume – The fan speed will be constant; set from screen (e.g. 100%).

BMS – The BMS can directly control the fan speed (requires BMS communication option).

Duct Pressure – Fan speed is determined by duct pressure control loop.

Space Pressure – Fan speed is determined by building pressure control loop.

CO₂ – Fan speed is determined by CO₂ control loop.

0-10 Hardwired – The 0-10V signal hardwired at the controller determines the speed of the fan after the controller sends an enable command to the vfd. When the signal is below the minimum fan speed setpoint, the fan will operate at minimum. When the signal is above the maximum fan speed setpoint, the fan will operate at maximum.

2-Speed - Supply fan control utilizes a contact closure to determine which speed the supply fan speed is commanded; minimum or maximum. The “Max Vent” contact closure maybe be field configured to temporarily force the unit into occupied mode. Reference Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Advanced Setpoints/Max Vent to enable this option.

SOFT SHUTDOWN ENABLE

During a soft shutdown the following will occur:

- Tempering outputs immediately revert back to their off value; while
- Dampers remain open and fans continue to run; until
 - The supply air temperature falls below the soft shutdown enable setpoint (85.0°F) minus 5°F; or
 - The soft shutdown delay timer has expired.

Control Variables

- ↳ Fan Control
- ↳ Exhaust Fan Control

```

Exhaust Fan
Enable Delay:      0s
Enable when OAD >= 15%

Adjust delay time to
offset starting fans.
    
```

```

Exhaust Fan Only Mode
Outside Air Damper
Position:          100%

OAD Position during
exhaust only mode.
    
```

```

Exhaust Fan
Minimum Speed:    25%
Maximum Speed:   100%
    
```

```

Exhaust Fan
Constant Volume Setpt
Occupied:         100%
Unoccupied:       60%
    
```

```

Exhaust Fan
Space Static
Setpoint:         0.050"wc
Current:          0.000"wc
    
```

```

Exhaust Fan
Supply Tracking
Offset:           -10%
    
```

```

Exhaust Fan
Return Duct Static
Setpoint:         -2.000"wc
Current:          0.000"wc
    
```

The **Exhaust Fan Control** menu allows the user to adjust exhaust control setpoints.

EXHAUST FAN DELAY AND ENABLE

This screen displays the exhaust fan delay and enable based on OA damper position. The exhaust fan delay will begin once the damper sequence is complete. This delay can be used to offset starting times between the supply fan and exhaust fan. This screen also provides the ability to enable the exhaust fan on a set OA damper position if the unit is equipped with a modulating OA damper.

EXHAUST FAN ONLY OUTSIDE AIR DAMPER

This screen will appear when the exhaust fan only mode is available at the controller by a contact closure. When the contact is closed, the exhaust fan will run at 100%. The outside air damper will go to this position (100%) when the contact is closed.

EXHAUST FAN SPEED

This screen displays min and max exhaust fan speed percentages.

The speed setpoint is the proportional percentage of the analog output from the controller to the VFD.

25% Speed = Min speed

100% Speed = Max speed

Setpoint Selections:

Constant Volume – The fan speed will be constant; set from screen (e.g. 100%).

BMS – The BMS can directly control the fan speed (requires BMS communication option).

Space Pressure – Fan speed is determined by building pressure control loop.

Supply Fan Tracking with Offset – The exhaust fan will track the supply fan, between a min and max position. An offset can be added to achieve the proper balance.

Return Duct Static Pressure – Fan speed is determined by duct pressure control loop.

0-10V Hardwired - The 0-10V signal hardwired at the controller determines the speed of the fan after the controller sends an enable command to the vfd. When the signal is below the minimum fan speed setpoint, the fan will operate at minimum. When the signal is above the maximum fan speed setpoint, the fan will operate at maximum.

Control Variables

↳ Occupancy

```

Occupancy Control
Mode: BMS
BMS: Occupied
Digital In: Occupied
Schedule: Occupied
Override: None
    
```

```

Occupancy Schedule
Day: Friday
Schedule
Start Time: 06:00 AM
Stop Time: 06:00 PM
Currently: Occupied
    
```

```

Space T-Stat Occupancy
Timed Override
Duration: 60m
Status: Unoccupied
Time Remaining: 0m
    
```

```

Occupied Auto Mode
Enable: Disabled
Deadband: 4.0%
Allows the unit to run
in Auto vs continuous.
Space reset must be
enabled.
    
```

The **Occupancy** menu allows the user to adjust occupancy control parameters which includes occupancy control mode and schedule.

OCCUPANCY CONTROL

This screen displays the current mode of operation for occupancy control. Status of the other mode option can also be found on this screen. This screen allows the user to select the source of determining occupancy. The factory default is BMS control.

BMS: BMS front end sends an occupancy enable/disable to the controller via a selected protocol. (Reference Points List).

Digital Input: Typically used with a remote time clock, motion sensor or switch.

Always Occ: Controller will always remain occupied.

Always Unocc: Controller will always remain unoccupied.

Schedule: Allows the user to set an occupancy schedule for each individual day of the week.

Override: Informs the user that the unit is overridden to occupied from an external source. When DI Ovr Act, is displayed, the digital input for occupancy is being used as an override and is active. When TOV Active is displayed, the timed override feature has been activated at the space thermostat.

OCCUPANCY SCHEDULE

This screen allows the user to adjust the schedule based on the day of the week. The user will select one of the following for each day of the week.

Occupied: Unit will be always occupied. (default when schedule is selected).

Unoccupied: Unit will be always unoccupied.

Schedule: Requires the user to enter a start time, stop time and the applicable days of the schedule.

OCCUPANCY OVERRIDE - T-STAT ENABLED

Screen allows the user to override occupancy for a set duration. This feature is then triggered by the factory-provided space thermostat occupancy button. Please see Appendix C for further information.

OCCUPIED AUTO MODE

This screen allows the unit to operate in auto mode instead of continuous when occupied. An occupied start when in auto mode requires the unit start for a minimum of two minutes.

Cooling: The unit is enabled when the space temperature is greater than or equal to the cooling setpoint plus half of the deadband. The unit disables when the space temperature is less than the cooling setpoint.

Heating: The unit is enabled when the space temperature is less than or equal to the heating setpoint minus half of the deadband. The unit disables when the space temperature is greater than the heating setpoint.

Control Variables

↳ Advanced

User Login

Enter Password: 9998

Current Access:
Service Level

Control Variables

↳ Advanced

↳ Manual Overrides

Manual Unit Override

Overrides: Disabled
Duration: 720m

Time Remaining: 0:00
Status: Disabled

Unit On Off

Override: Auto
Value: On

enable Main Override

Occupancy

Override: Auto
Value: Occupied

enable Main Override

Supply Fan

Override: Auto
Command: On
Speed: 100%

enable Main Override

Exhaust Fan

Override: Auto
Command: On
Speed: 100%

enable Main Override

Cooling Ramp 1

Override: Auto
Demand: 0%

enable Main Override

The **Advanced** menu allows the user to access several submenus regarding controller information, controller overrides, network settings, I/O configuration, and unit configuration. Submenu options are read only and will require the user to input proper login criteria. The **service password (9998)** is required to change service access menus. Consult factory for factory level access.

The Manual Overrides menus are for start-up, commissioning, and troubleshooting.

MANUAL OVERRIDE MODE

The Manual Overrides menu is for start-up, commissioning, and troubleshooting. This menu allows the user to override the control loops and specific inputs and outputs.

To access the Manual Overrides submenus, enter the **service password (9998)**. Manual overrides must be enabled at this screen to allow the user to override control loops. Override options must be changed from Auto to Manual for manual control.

OVERRIDE UNIT ON OFF

When manual override is set to enable, use the arrow buttons to turn the unit on or off.

OVERRIDE OCCUPANCY CONTROL

When manual override is set to enable, use the arrow buttons to change occupancy control.

OVERRIDE SUPPLY FAN SPEED

The speed is the proportional percentage of the analog output from the controller to the VFD.

0% Speed = Min speed (determined by VFD)

100% Speed = Max speed (determined by VFD)

OVERRIDE EXHAUST FAN SPEED

This screen only appears if the unit is equipped with a exhaust fan VFD controlled by the microprocessor.

The speed is the proportional percentage of the analog output from the controller to the VFD.

0% Speed = Min speed (determined by VFD)

100% Speed = Max speed (determined by VFD)

OVERRIDE COOLING

When the cooling control is in the manual mode, use the arrow buttons to vary the cooling output.

Chilled Water: The cooling percent is directly proportional to the 0 - 10 VDC output signal.

0% Cooling = 0 VDC | 100% Cooling = 10 VDC

Menu

Electric Heat

Override: Auto
Elec Heater 1: 100%

Enable Main Override

Heating Ramp

Override: Auto
Demand: 100%

Enable Main Override

Economizer Ramp

Override: Auto
Value: 0%

Enable Main Override

Preheat

Override: Auto
Enable: NO

Defrost Ramp

Override: Auto
Value: 0%

Reduces Energy Recovery
100%=Full Byp/MinSpeed
ER Ramp: 100%

Enable Main Override

Energy Recovery Ramp

Override: Auto
Value: 0%
Actual output after
defrost: 0%
100%=Full Speed

Control Variables

- Advanced
- Advanced Setpoints

Advanced Setpoints Occupied Dehum Call

Enabled when:
OAT > Coil Spt+Offset

Advanced Setpoints Unoccupied Dehum Call

Enabled when:
Indoor RH

OVERRIDE ELECTRIC HEAT

This screen only appears if the unit is equipped with electric post heat. Electric heater percentage is directly proportional to the 0 – 10 VDC output signal.

OVERRIDE HEATING

When the heating control is in the manual mode, use the arrow buttons to vary the heating output.

OVERRIDE ECONOMIZER CONTROL

When the heating control is in the manual mode, use the arrow buttons to vary the output of the economizer ramp. This value may have an effect on the energy recovery device and/or the modulating outside air damper position.

OVERRIDE PREHEAT

This screen appears when a preheater is installed in the unit for energy recovery defrost. Use the arrow buttons to override the preheat.

OVERRIDE ENERGY RECOVERY DEFROST

This screen only appears if modulating wheel frost control is equipped. When the defrost control ramp is in manual mode, use the arrow buttons to vary the defrost output.

0% = Maximum Wheel Speed | 100% = Minimum Wheel Speed

OVERRIDE ENERGY RECOVERY

This screen appears whenever an energy recovery device is installed. Use the arrow buttons when Manual Override is enabled to override the speed or position of the energy recovery device.

The Advanced Setpoints Menus allows the user to view and modify network settings. The **service password (9998)** is required to make changes.

OCCUPIED DEHUMIDIFICATION CALL

Reference control variables for possible Occupied dehumidification call methods.

UNOCCUPIED DEHUMIDIFICATION CALL

Reference control variables for possible unoccupied dehumidification call methods.

```

Advanced Setpoints
Unocc Unit Operation
Mode:
Night Setback Cycle
    
```

```

Advanced Setpoints
Morning Sequences
Warm Up Enable:    No
Cool Down Enable: No
Max duration:     30m
    
```

```

Unit Off Protection
Enable When OA < 40°F
CW Valve:         Disabled
Valve Open %:    30%
Enables Valves When
OFF to set %
    
```

```

Advanced Setpoints
Call For Cooling
Heat Lockout: Disabled
Enables Call for Cool
input to lock out heat
regardless of supply
temperature.
    
```

```

Advanced Setpoints
Core Defrost
Defrost Delay:   30 s
Delay before the unit
enters defrost after
the exhaust temp drops
below frost threshold.
    
```

Control Variables

- ↳ Advanced
- ↳ Network Settings

```

PCU Board Address
Enable DHCP: Disabled
IP:         10.52.20.8
Mask:      255.255.252.0
GW:        10.52.20.1
DNS:       10.52.1.22
Save Changes: No
    
```

UNOCCUPIED UNIT OPERATION

Possible unoccupied unit operation methods include:

- Unit Off
- Night Setback Cycle
- Recirculation with Unoccupied Setpoints
- Normal Operation with Unoccupied Setpoints

MORNING WARM UP AND COOL DOWN

This screen will appear when the unit has a recirculating air damper installed or the unoccupied mode is set to normal operation with unoccupied setpoints.

The user can enable morning warm up, morning cool down, and set the duration for the sequence.

UNIT OFF PROTECTION

This screen will appear if hot water heating and/or cold water cooling is supplied with the unit. Unit off protection allows the unit to open the hot water and cold water valves to a preset position when the unit is off and the outdoor air is below the specified set point. This will keep water moving in the coils, to reduce the chance of freezing the coils.

CALL FOR COOLING

This screen will appear when the call for cooling digital input and heating is installed. Enable Heat Lockout to allow the call for cooling digital input to lockout out heating.

CORE DEFROST DELAY

The controller will wait 30 seconds (adj.) after the exhaust air temperature drops below the frost threshold to enable defrost. This delay reduces cycling in and out of defrost.

The Network Settings Menu allows the user to view and modify network settings. The **service password (9998)** is required to make changes.

C.PCO BOARD ADDRESS

This screen will appear with or without a network protocol provided with the unit.

This screen allows the user to configure the IP setting for BMS and/or when the Web User Interface will be utilized. The controller may have a DHCP server-assigned address or a manually assigned static IP address. Factory settings are shown in the screen to the left.

```

BACnet IP Config
Device:      0077077
Port:       0047808
    
```

BACNET IP CONFIG

This screen will appear if the unit is set for BACnet IP and allows the user to set the device and port settings.

```

Modbus TCP Slave
Device ID:   1
    
```

MODBUS TCP SLAVE

This screen will appear if the unit is set for Modbus TCP and allows the user to set device ID number.

```

BACnet MSTP Config
Device:      0077077
Info Frames: 20
Max Masters: 127
Mstp Address: 77
Baud Rate:  76800
Save Settings: No
    
```

BACNET MSTP PARAMETERS

This screen only appears if the selected BMS protocol is set to BACnet MSTP. Factory settings are shown in the screen to the left.

To change BACnet MSTP parameters:

1. Go to Network Settings menu and view BACnet MSTP Config screen.
2. Move cursor to desired parameter by pressing the enter button. Press up and down arrows to adjust the parameter. Press enter to accept adjusted value.
3. Once desired parameters have been entered, enable the 'Save Settings' option and press the enter button.
4. Reboot the controller by cycling power to the unit or holding the main menu/target button for 3 seconds to stop the unit operation and restart the controller.

```

Modbus RTU Config
Device ID:   1
Baud Rate:  38400
Stop Bits:  2
Parity:      none
Save Settings: No
    
```

MODBUS RTU PARAMETERS

This screen only appears if the selected BMS protocol is set to Modbus. Factory settings are shown in the screen to the left.

To change Modbus RTU parameters:

1. Go to Network Settings menu and view Modbus RTU Config screen.
2. Move cursor to desired parameter by pressing the enter button. Press up and down arrows to adjust the parameter. Press enter to accept adjusted value.
3. Once desired parameters have been entered, enable the 'Save Settings' option and press the enter button.
4. Reboot the controller by cycling power to the unit or holding the main menu/target button for 3 seconds to stop the unit operation and restart the controller.

```

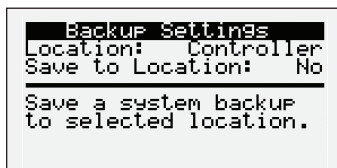
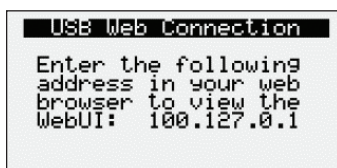
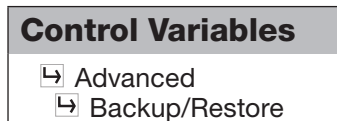
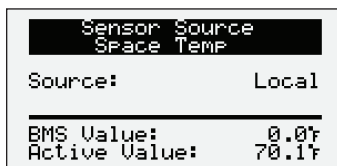
BMS Watchdog
Enable:      No
Timeout Delay: 15m
Status:      Active
Write 1 to BACnet BU-1
within timeout delay
to command values.
    
```

BMS WATCHDOG

The BMS watchdog function verifies BMS connectivity. The watchdog is required for the BMS to take the place of a hardwired sensor. The BMS toggles the watchdog variable from true to false within the timeout delay. If the timer expires, the controller falls back to hardwired sensors until the BMS connection can be established. At this time, a BMS watchdog alarm activates.

The following variables may be used by the BMS in place of hardwired sensors:

- Outside_RH_from_BMS
- Outside_Temp_from_BMS
- Return_RH_from_BMS
- Return_Temp_from_BMS
- Space_1_CO2_from_BMS
- Return_CO2_from_BMS
- Space_RH_from_BMS
- Space_Static_from_BMS
- Space_Temp_from_BMS



SENSOR SOURCE

The sensor source can be changed to source by BMS through the controller or by a dedicated BMS point. Reference Points List and in the Appendix for more detailed point information. The screen to the left is an example of the sensor source type. Source can be set for local or BMS at this screen.

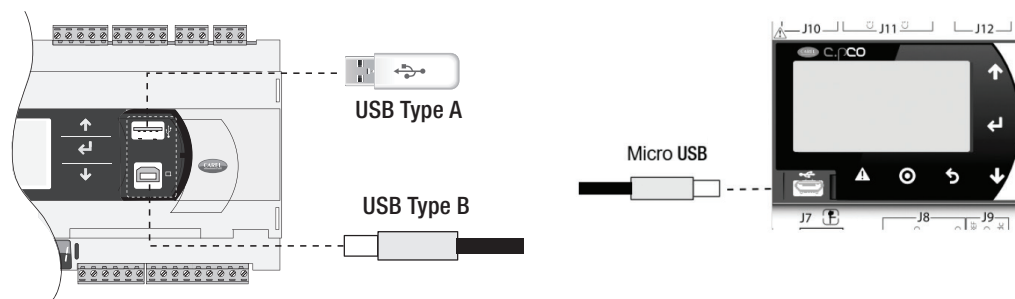
The Backup/Restore Menus allows the user to create a backup file of setpoints and configuration variables on a USB drive or in the controller's internal memory.

Connecting to USB Drives

The controller has built-in USB ports for connecting to USB drives. or to the USB port of a computer. This allows the user to perform various operations including upgrading an application or OS, saving or retrieving logs, user backups, and viewing the web user interface.

Connecting a USB cable to a computer shows a screen on the controller that allows the user to choose whether to access files (disk drive) or the WebUI by using the arrow buttons.

The controller will either have a USB Type A, USB Type B or Micro USB dependent on model.



CREATING A BACKUP FILE

Important:

- At first startup or commissioning, or prior to communicating with Technical Support about performance issues, we recommend creating a backup file for each controller.
- Name each file with the unit sales order–line number found on the silver nameplate attached to the electrical access door.
- Also consider creating a backup file whenever significant program changes are made.

To create a system backup file using the handheld or virtual keypad/display buttons:

1. Go to the Main Menu/Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Login screen. Press the Enter and Up or Down arrow buttons to enter the service password, which is 9998.
2. Go to the Main Menu/Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Backup/Restore screen.
3. Press the Up or Down arrow buttons to navigate to the Backup Settings screen.
4. Press the Enter and Up or Down arrow buttons to select the backup location (internal memory or USB). If creating a backup to a USB drive, insert a USB drive into the main controller.
5. Press Enter to highlight and then the Up or Down arrow buttons to fill the Save checkbox. This action creates the backup file.

```

USB Restore
Restore Settings
from USB drive:      No
    
```

```

Internal Restore
Last Backup:
17:17 08/20/24
Restore Settings
from Controller:    No
    
```

```

***Warning***
After a restore is
complete, controller
will automatically
reboot.
Enable Restore:      No
    
```

```

Control Variables
└─ Advanced
└─ I/O Configuration
    
```

```

I/O Configuration
IO Type:Analog Input
Supply Air Temp
Ch:M U4   Type:NTC

Value:      71.6°F
    
```

```

I/O Config Options
Devices Shown:  Conf19

Scroll by configured
or all devices.
    
```

RESTORING FROM A BACKUP FILE

From USB

1. Place the restore file in the root directory of a USB drive. (Do not place the file within a folder on the USB drive.) The file must be named: User_Backup.txt
2. Insert the USB drive into the controller's USB port.
3. Go to the Main Menu/Unit Enable screen. Press the Enter and Up or Down arrow buttons to disable the unit.
4. Go to the Main Menu/Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Login screen. Press the Enter and Up or Down arrow buttons to enter the service password (9998).
5. Go to the Main Menu/Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Backup/Restore screen.
6. Press the Up or Down arrow buttons to navigate to the USB Restore screen.
7. Press Enter to highlight and then the Up or Down arrow buttons to fill the Restore checkbox. This action restores the backup file. If there is an error during the process, the specific error is displayed on this screen.
8. Controller will automatically restart.

From internal memory

1. Go to the Main Menu/Unit Enable screen. Press the Enter and Up or Down arrow buttons to disable the unit.
2. Go to the Main Menu/Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Login screen. Press the Enter and Up or Down arrow buttons to enter the service password, which is 9998.
3. Go to the Main Menu/Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Backup/Restore screen.
4. Press the Up or Down arrow buttons to navigate to the Internal Restore screen. This screen is only available when a backup file exists in internal memory.
5. Press Enter to highlight and then the Up or Down arrow buttons to fill the Restore checkbox. This action restores the backup file. If there is an error during the process, the specific error is displayed on this screen.
6. Controller will automatically restart.

The **IO Configuration Menu** allows the user to view and modify controller input and output points.

I/O CONFIGURATION

This screen is read only and will require the factory password to make changes. The screen to the left is an example of an analog input configuration screen. Similar screens appear for remaining I/O when selected.

To monitor individual I/O points:

1. Press the enter button to highlight the I/O type.
2. Press the up and down arrows to change the IO type.
3. Press the enter button to highlight the controller channel.
4. Press the up and down arrows to change the channel.

I/O CONFIGURATION OPTIONS

Changes to the IO configuration requires the factory login password. Consult factory for IO configuration changes.

ADJUSTMENT OF I/O CONFIGURATION MUST ONLY BE DONE UNDER FACTORY GUIDANCE! IMPROPER ADJUSTMENT MAY RESULT IN SYSTEM DAMAGE!

Menu

Control Variables

- ↳ Advanced
- ↳ Unit Config
- ↳ Service Config

```
Service Unit Config
Supply Fan Control
Type: Constant Volume
K Factor: 0.0
```

```
Service Unit Config
Exhaust Fan Control
Type: Space Static
K Factor: 0.0
```

The **Unit Configuration** menus allows the user to view the unit configuration provided from factory. Configuration menus listed below can be altered with the service password. Consult factory for unit configuration changes!

SUPPLY FAN CONTROL

Please reference the supply fan sequence section for possible control methods.

EXHAUST FAN CONTROL

Please reference the exhaust fan sequence section for possible control methods.

Alarms

The **Alarms** menu allows the user to view active alarms, reset active alarms and view, clear or export the alarm history.

```
Active Alarms 0/0
No Active Alarms
ENTER → Alarm History
ALARM → Alarm Reset
```

ACTIVE ALARMS

If an alarm occurs, the button will glow red on the controller and the remote display (if installed).

To view alarm, press the Alarm button once. This will display the most recent alarm. If the alarm cannot be cleared, the cause of the alarm has not been fixed. Press the up and down buttons to view any additional occurring alarms.

```
Reset Active Alarms
Press ENTER to reset
active alarms.
Alarm Count: 00
```

RESET ACTIVE ALARMS

This screen allows the user to clear active alarms.

```
Alarm Event History
Record: 001++ ID:044
Exp Board 4 Status
Board is Offline
Alarmed: 09:45am 01/24
```

ALARM EVENT HISTORY

This screen allows the user view recent alarms. To view all saved alarms, press the “down” button to enter the data logger.

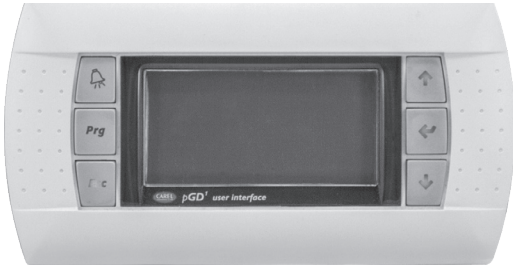
```
Clear Alarm Log
Clear Alarm Log? No
```

CLEAR ALARM LOG

This screen allows the user to clear all alarms in alarm log history.

Appendix A: Remote Display (pGD1)

The pGD1 is an optional remote display for use with manufacturer's microprocessor controllers. The remote display allows for remote monitoring and adjustment of parameters of the unit mounted controller. The remote display allows identical access to menus and screens as the unit mounted controller display. If the controller is the c.pCOMini model, the remote display is not available when the unit has BACnet MSTP or Modbus RTU.



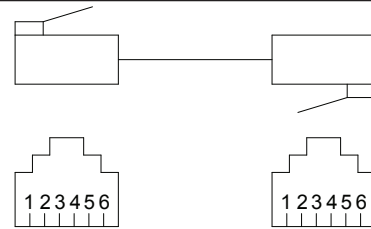
Specifications	
Carel Model	PGD1000W00
Power Supply	Power supplied from unit controller through RJ25 cable
Max distance from unit controller	150 feet
Required Cable	6P6C RJ25/RJ12 Cable (straight)
Operating Conditions	-4°F to 140°F, 90%RH (non-condensing)
Display Type	Backlit LED with lighted buttons

Installation

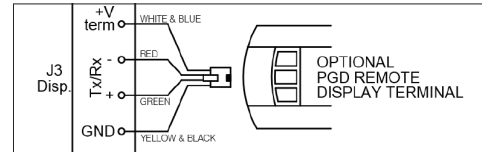
The remote display connects to the unit mounted controller through a six-wire RJ25 or RJ12 telephone cable (straight). When ordered from the factory, a 10 ft. cable is provided with the remote display. The display and cable can be used to assist with start-up and maintenance.

Connecting Cable

If mounted remotely, the factory cable can either be extended or replaced with a longer cable up to the listed maximum distance. The resulting cable connections should be a "straight through cable," where pins on one end correspond identically to the pins on the opposite end. If making your own cable, use the same pin-out for each end.



c.pCO Controller Remote Display Connection



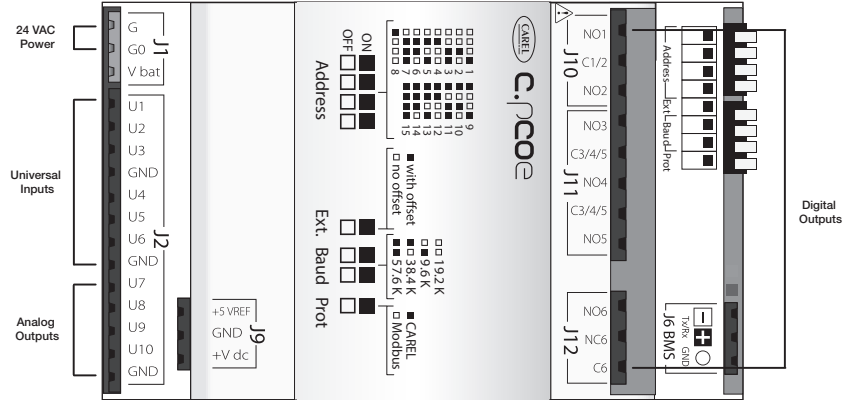
c.pCOMini Controller Remote Display Connection

Appendix B: I/O Expansion Board (c.pCOe) Quick Start

The expansion board is an I/O module that can be used to monitor additional statuses or provide commands from large board controller. It allows the user to view and control:

- 6 Universal Inputs (Digital Input*, NTC, 0/1VDC, 0/10VDC, 0/20mA, 4/20mA, 0/5VDC)
*Only dry to ground contacts can be utilized for digital inputs. Applying voltage will result in damage to the I/O expansion board.
- 4 Analog Outputs (VDC)
- 6 Digital Outputs

The inputs and outputs can be monitored and controlled by the Building Management System. Reference Points List for detailed point information.



Setup

In order for the controller to communicate with the c.pCOe, several parameters must be adjusted. If you have a c.pCOe installed from the factory, the controller is already set up for communication with the main controller. The factory password is required for expansion board and I/O configuration updates. Consult factory for I/O configuration changes.

```

Expansion Boards
1: c.pCOe - Address+02
2: Not Installed
3: c.pCOe - Address+04
4: Not Installed
5: Not Installed
6: Not Installed
**Reboot Controller**
    
```

```

Service Unit Config
Aux IO - Monitor Only
Aux IO: Not Installed
    
```

```

I/O Config Options
Edit IO: Disabled
Devices Shown: Config
Enable to edit IO.
Scroll by configured
or all devices.
    
```

```

I/O Configuration
IO Type: Analog Input
Aux In Customer: 5
Ch: E4 U5 Type: 0-10V
Min: 0.0°F
Max: 100.0°F
Value: 32.0°F
    
```

```

AUX I/O Config
Aux In Customer: 5
Ch: E4 U5 UM: °F
Type: 0-10V
Min: 0.0°F
Max: 100.0°F
Value: 32.0°F
    
```

Enable the c.pCOe for Auxiliary I/O- To enable the c.pCOe expansion I/O module, go to Ctrl Variables/Advanced/Unit Config/Service Config. User will have to enter the Service Password to make any edits at this point. Consult factory for help configuring the expansion board. The expansion board must be enabled to configure spare I/O points. Once enabled, the user must reboot the controller. See screens to the left for expansion board enable points.

Aux IO Installed- Checking the Aux IO Installed check box allows the Aux IO Config menu to show in the Control Variables menu. This is a shortcut to access the auxiliary I/O after it is configured in the I/O Configuration menu.

Configuring the I/O Type - In order to edit and configure the I/O configuration of the unit, go to Ctrl Variables/Advanced/I/O Configuration. The user must enable the Editable option for configuring I/O points. If configuring a new I/O point, 'Scroll by All Configured' must be deselected to view all I/O options.

Change or Update the I/O Point - Once the editable option is selected, the user must scroll to the I/O Configuration Menu. At this menu the desired I/O type can be selected. Once selected the user can configure the desired channel at the expansion board. The channel will have an 'E' designation for expansion board. Aux In Customer 1-6, Aux Analog Out 1, and Aux Digital Out 1-2 will be allocated for the I/O expansion board.

Viewing c.pCOe Auxiliary Values - Once the expansion board I/O is configured, the user can view and/or change the I/O type by navigating to Ctrl Variables/Aux I/O Config.

Appendix C: Space Thermostat Quick Start



The space thermostat gives users the ability to view the space temperature and relative humidity (optional) and control the active space setpoints from the adjustable display. The space thermostat also has the ability to send the unit into temporary occupied mode. Up to four space thermostats can be wired back to the microprocessor to provide an average for the space temperature and humidity (optional). The space thermostat is shipped loose with installation by others and is a Modbus connected device.

Space thermostat functions:

- Temporary occupancy override control
- Temperature and relative humidity monitoring
- Temperature and relative humidity setpoint adjustability
- Status icon on LCD display with push buttons

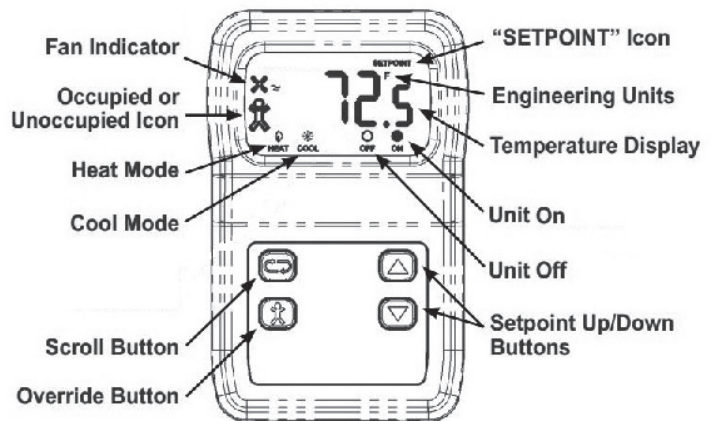
Display

If more than one space thermostat is provided for averaging, only one space thermostat will be provided with a display and push buttons for adjustment.

Adjusting Setpoint - The default display will show the current temperature value for the room. Use the scroll button to index through additional sensor parameters. Parameters with the "SETPOINT" icon displayed above the temperature display are adjustable. Use the Up/Down buttons to adjust the setpoint, and use the scroll button to view the next parameter or return to the normal display mode.

Up/Down Button Function - The Up/Down buttons are used to adjust editable parameters including the temperature and humidity setpoint.

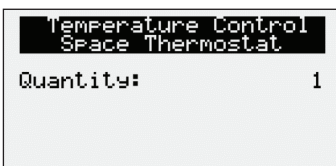
Override Button Function - The display shows a person in the lower left corner of the display at all times. If the person is solid, the unit is operating in occupied mode. If it is an outline of the person, the unit is in unoccupied mode. Pushing the Override button when the unit is in unoccupied mode temporarily overrides the sequence to Occupied mode for a period of 1 to 4 hours (adjustable at the unit microprocessor).



Initial Setup and Communication Configuration

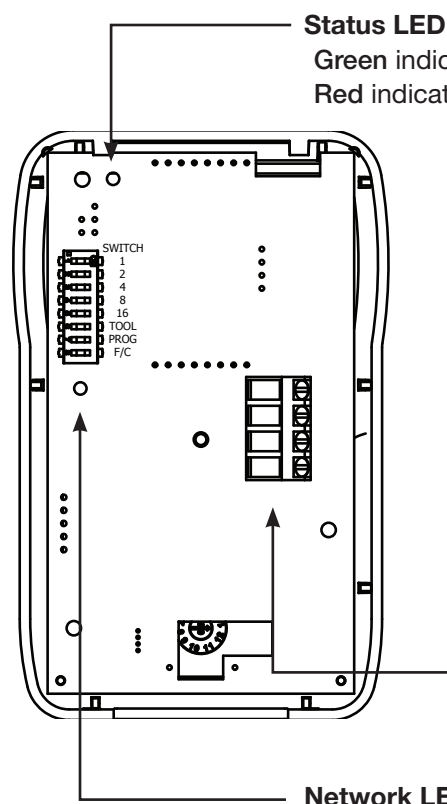
The space thermostat is a Modbus connected device. Up to three additional Modbus sensors can be added for space temperature or space temperature and humidity averaging. The sensors must all be connected in a daisy chain configuration.

If space temperature averaging is desired, additional field setup may be required both in the controller and on the Modbus space sensors:



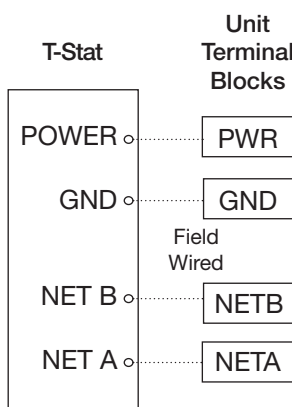
- Each space sensor must have the DIP switches adjusted on the back of the sensor to the corresponding switches. Reference Space Thermostat Modbus Address chart on the following page for DIP switches settings.
- Once the address is set and the wires are connected the "Status" LED should be a steady green and the "Network" LED should be a quick blinking amber/green color.
- To add additional sensors in the field, enter the Ctrl Variables Menu/Temperature and scroll down in the Temperature Menu to select Space Thermostat. Choose the number of space sensor being used (1-4).

Appendix C: Space Thermostat Quick Start



Status LED
 Green indicates that the unit is operating properly.
 Red indicates that there is a problem with the unit.

Terminal	Description
GND	Power Supply Ground (common to the controller)
Net B	RS485 network connection (Data -)
Net A	RS485 network connection (Data +)
Power	Power supply hot



Network LED
Flashing Red Slowly - Indicates that there has been no communications for 60 seconds.
Flashing Green Slowly - Indicates that there have been normal communications within the last 60 seconds.
Flashing Green Slowly with Quick Red Flashes - The quick red flashes indicate active communications.

Space Thermostat Modbus Address

	T-Stat 1 (Display)	T-Stat 2	T-Stat 3	T-Stat 4
Address in Microprocessor	10	11	12	13
Dip Switch Set on Stat	Sw 2 + Sw 8	Sw 1 + Sw 2 + Sw 8	Sw 4 + Sw 8	Sw 1 + Sw 4 + Sw 8

Baud Rate Setting

In order for the space thermostat to communicate with the microprocessor, the correct baud rate must be set in the space thermostat. To set the baud rate:

- The “PROG” DIP switch on the back of the space thermostat must be flipped to the right side.
- Use the Setpoint Down button to display P11 on the space thermostat.
- Push the Scroll button and use the Setpoint Up/Down buttons to adjust the baud rate to 192.
- Once 192 is displayed, push the Scroll button again to save the setting. Once the setting is saved, P11 should appear on the display.
- Flip the “PROG” DIP switch on the back of the space thermostat back to the left. The space thermostat should communicate and be set back to normal mode.

Appendix D: GreenTrol® Airflow Monitoring Quick Start

Airflow Status	
Supply Fan:	0 cfm
Exhaust Fan:	0 cfm
Outside Air:	0 cfm

The GreenTrol® airflow monitoring station measures airflow using advanced thermal dispersion technology. An integral LCD display provides a local indication of airflow measurement and device configuration. The airflow monitor also features Modbus communication allowing the microprocessor to monitor the airflow as well. The GreenTrol also accepts up to two airflow probes for averaging.

GreenTrol Airflow Monitor functions:

- LCD readout of measured airflow
- Dual airflow probe averaging
- Modbus connectivity



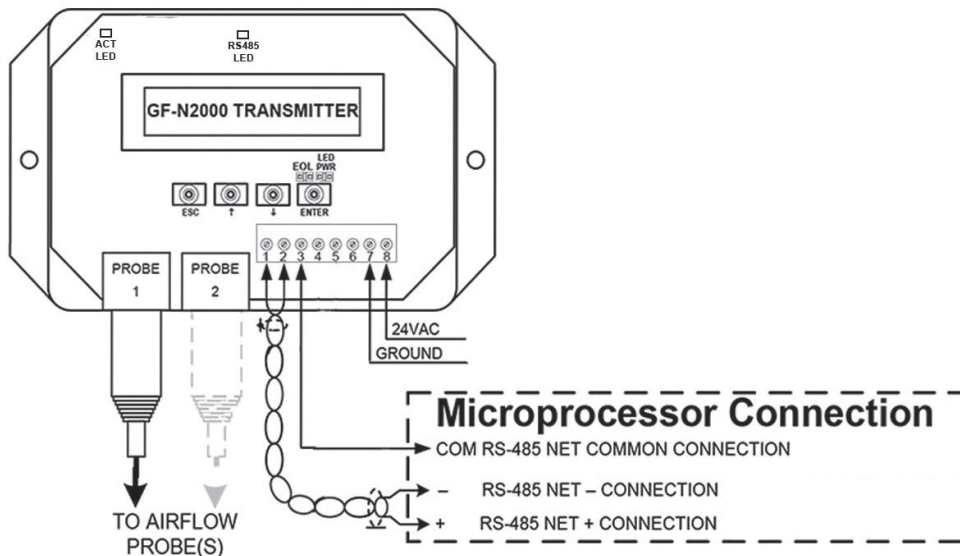
Display and Navigation

The LCD screen shows the current airflow that is being measured. To enter the menu to set up the monitoring station, the user must remove the front cover of the GreenTrol to uncover the navigation buttons. Press and hold the UP and DOWN buttons at the same time for 3 seconds to enter the menu.

Enter Button Function - The ENTER button allows the user to go into the selected menu or function and save the selected value.

Up/Down Button Function - The Up/Down buttons are used to navigate the menu and to change values in the menu.

Esc Button Function - The ESC button allows the user to exit the current menu or function.



Appendix E: Points List

Variable	Description	BACnet	Modbus	Read Write	Text or Unit of M	
		Object	Register		Active	Inactive
Space_Temp_Analog_Input	Space Temperature	AI-1*	30002	R	°F	
Supply_Temp_Analog_Input	Supply Temperature	AI-2*	30004	R	°F	
Outside_Air_Temp_Analog_Input	Outside Air Temperature	AI-3*	30006	R	°F	
Mixed_Temp_Analog_Input	Mixed Temperature	AI-4	30008	R	°F	
Cold_Coil_1_Temp_Analog_Input	Cold Coil 1 Temperature	AI-5	30010	R	°F	
Return_Temp_Analog_Input	Return Temperature	AI-7*	30014	R	°F	
Exhaust_Temp_Analog_Input	Exhaust Temperature	AI-8*	30016	R	°F	
Space_RH_Analog_Input	Space % Relative Humidity	AI-9*	30018	R	%	
Outside_RH_Analog_Input	Outside % Relative Humidity	AI-10*	30020	R	%	
Return_RH_Analog_Input	Return % Relative Humidity	AI-11*	30022	R	%	
Return_Duct_Static_Pressure_Analog_Input	Return Duct Static Pressure	AI-12*	30024	R	"wc	
Space_Static_Pressure_Analog_Input	Space Static Pressure	AI-13*	30026	R	"wc	
Supply_Duct_Static_Pressure_Analog_Input	Supply Duct Static Pressure	AI-14*	30028	R	"wc	
Space_CO2_1_Analog_Input	Space 1 CO2 ppm	AI-15*	30030	R	ppm	
Space_CO2_2_Analog_Input	Space 2 CO2 ppm	AI-16*	30032	R	ppm	
Return_CO2_Analog_Input	Return CO2 ppm	AI-17*	30034	R	ppm	
Aux_In_Customer_1	Customer defined auxiliary input	AI-36*	30072	R	selectable	
Aux_In_Customer_2	Customer defined auxiliary input	AI-37*	30074	R	selectable	
Aux_In_Customer_3	Customer defined auxiliary input	AI-38*	30076	R	selectable	
Aux_In_Customer_4	Customer defined auxiliary input	AI-39*	30078	R	selectable	
Aux_In_Customer_5	Customer defined auxiliary input	AI-40*	30080	R	selectable	
Aux_In_Customer_6	Customer defined auxiliary input	AI-41*	30082	R	selectable	
Aux_In_Customer_7	Customer defined auxiliary input	AI-42*	30084	R	selectable	
Aux_In_Customer_8	Customer defined auxiliary input	AI-43*	30086	R	selectable	
Aux_In_Customer_9	Customer defined auxiliary input	AI-44*	30088	R	selectable	
Aux_In_Customer_10	Customer defined auxiliary input	AI-45*	30090	R	selectable	

Appendix E: Points List

Variable	Description	BACnet	Modbus	Read Write	Text or Unit of M	
		Object	Register		Active	Inactive
Temperature_Setpoint	Temperature Setpoint used for Supply, Space, or Return temperature control	AV-1*	40002	RW	°F	
Temperature_Heat_Cool_Deadband	Heat/Cool Spt Deadband for Space or Return Reset	AV-2*	40004	RW	Δ°F	
Temperature_Setpoint_Unoccupied	Temperature Setpoint used for Supply, Space, or Return temperature control	AV-3*	40006	RW	°F	
Temperature_Heat_Cool_Deadband_Unoccupied	Heat/Cool Spt Deadband for Space or Return Reset	AV-4*	40008	RW	Δ°F	
Cooling_Coil_Setpoint_Min	Cooling Coil Leaving Air Setpoint	AV-5	40010	RW	°F	
Cooling_Coil_Setpoint_Max	Maximum Coil Leaving Setpoint	AV-6	40012	RW	°F	
Dehumidification_Setpoint	Dehumidification Setpoint %RH	AV-7	40014	RW	%	
Outside_Dewpoint_Setpoint	Outside Dewpoint Dehumidification Trigger	AV-8*	40016	RW	°F	
Indoor_Dewpoint_Setpoint	Indoor Dewpoint Dehumidification Trigger	AV-9*	40018	RW	°F	
Unocc_Indoor_Dewpoint_Setpoint	Unoccupied Indoor Dewpoint Dehumidification	AV-10	40020	RW	°F	
Unoccupied_Dehumidification_Setpoint	Unoccupied Dehumidification %RH Setpoint	AV-11	40022	RW	%	
Economizer_Temp_Enable_Setpoint	Economizer Ambient Temp Enable Setpoint Allow Econ when OAT < Setpoint	AV-12*	40024	RW	°F	
Economizer_Enthalpy_Enable_Setpoint	Economizer Enthalpy Enable Setpoint Allow Econ when OA Enthalpy < Setpoint	AV-13*	40026	RW	btu/lb	
Supply_Fan_CFM_Setpoint	Supply Fan CFM Setpoint	AV-14	40028	RW	cfm	
Exhaust_Fan_CFM_Setpoint	Exhaust Fan CFM Setpoint	AV-15	40030	RW	cfm	
OAD_CFM_Setpoint	OAD CFM Setpoint	AV-16	40032	RW	cfm	
Cooling_Lockout_Setpoint	Cooling Ambient Lockout Setpoint	AV-17*	40034	RW	°F	
Heating_Lockout_Setpoint	Heating Ambient Lockout Setpoint	AV-18*	40036	RW	°F	
Preheat_Lockout_Setpoint	Preheat Ambient Lockout Setpoint	AV-19*	40038	RW	°F	
Economizer_Lockout_Setpoint	Economizer Ambient Lockout Setpoint	AV-20*	40040	RW	°F	
Return_Duct_Static_Pressure_Setpoint	Return Duct Static Pressure Setpoint	AV-21*	40042	RW	"wc	
Space_Static_Pressure_Setpoint	Space Static Pressure Setpoint	AV-22*	40044	RW	"wc	
Supply_Duct_Static_Pressure_Setpoint	Supply Duct Static Pressure Setpoint	AV-23*	40046	RW	"wc	
Space_CO2_Setpoint	Space CO2 Setpoint	AV-24*	40048	RW	ppm	
Outside_Air_Damper_Minimum_Setpoint_Occ	Outside Air Damper Minimum Setpoint	AV-25	40050	RW	%	
Outside_RH_from_BMS	Outside RH from BMS - source is BMS	AV-26*	40052	RW	%	

Appendix E: Points List

Variable	Description	BACnet	Modbus	Read Write	Text or Unit of M	
		Object	Register		Active	Inactive
Outside_Temp_from_BMS	Outside Temp from BMS - source is BMS	AV-27*	40054	RW	°F	
Return_RH_from_BMS	Return RH from BMS - source is BMS	AV-28*	40056	RW	%	
Return_Temp_from_BMS	Return Temp from BMS - source is BMS	AV-29*	40058	RW	°F	
Space_1_CO2_from_BMS	Space 1 CO2 from BMS - source is BMS	AV-30*	40060	RW	ppm	
Space_2_CO2_from_BMS	Space 2 CO2 from BMS - source is BMS	AV-31*	40062	RW	ppm	
Return_CO2_from_BMS	Return CO2 from BMS - source is BMS	AV-32*	40064	RW	ppm	
Space_RH_from_BMS	Space RH from BMS - source is BMS	AV-33*	40066	RW	%	
Space_Static_from_BMS	Space Static from BMS - source is BMS	AV-34*	40068	RW	"wc	
Space_Temp_from_BMS	Space Temp from BMS - source is BMS	AV-35*	40070	RW	°F	
SF_Control_Signal_BMS	BMS to control signal for supply fan speed	AV-36*	40072	RW	%	
EF_Control_Signal_BMS	BMS to control signal for exhaust fan speed	AV-37*	40074	RW	%	
OAD_Control_Signal_BMS	Allows the BMS to control OAD position	AV-38	40076	RW	%	
Aux_BMS_Analog_Output_1	BMS Commanded auxiliary analog output	AV-39*	40078	RW	selectable	
Unit_Status_Mode	Unit Status Mode - See Table	AV-40*	30092	R	Real	
Supply_Temperature_Calculated_Setpoint	Active Supply Temperature Setpoint	AV-41*	30094	R	°F	
Cooling_1_Ramp_Capacity	Cooling Ramp 1 Status Value	AV-42	30096	R	%	
Defrost_Ramp	Defrost Ramp	AV-44*	30100	R	%	
Economizer_Ramp	Economizer Ramp	AV-45*	30102	R	%	
Head_Pressure_Control_Ramp_1_Ramp	Head Pressure Control Ramp 1	AV-46	30104	R	%	
Head_Pressure_Control_Ramp_2_Ramp	Head Pressure Control Ramp 2	AV-47	30106	R	%	
HP_Ramp_Capacity	Heat Pump Heating Ramp	AV-50	30112	R	%	
Heating_Capacity	Heating Ramp	AV-51*	30114	R	%	
Case_Heat_Control_Ramp	Case Heat Ramp	AV-52	30116	R	%	
Hot_Gas_Reheat_Ramp	Hot Gas Reheat Ramp	AV-53	30118	R	%	
Outside_Dewpoint	Outside Dewpoint	AV-54*	30120	R	°F	
Outside_Enthalpy	Outside Enthalpy	AV-55*	30122	R	btu/lb	

Appendix E: Points List

Variable	Description	BACnet	Modbus	Read Write	Text or Unit of M	
		Object	Register		Active	Inactive
Return_Dewpoint	Return Dewpoint	AV-56*	30124	R	°F	
Return_Enthalpy	Return Enthalpy	AV-57*	30126	R	btu/lb	
Space_Dewpoint	Space Dewpoint	AV-58*	30128	R	°F	
Space_Enthalpy	Space Enthalpy	AV-59*	30130	R	btu/lb	
Total_Exhaust_Fan_CFM_BMS	Total Exhaust Fan CFM	AV-64*	30140	R	cfm	
Total_Supply_Fan_CFM_BMS	Total Supply Fan CFM	AV-65*	30142	R	cfm	
OAD_CFM_BMS	OAD CFM	AV-66*	30144	R	cfm	
Active_Temperature_Setpoint	Active Temperature Setpoint	AV-67*	30146	R	°F	
Chilled_Water_1_Valve_Analog_Output	Chilled Water 1 Valve Analog Output	AV-68*	30148	R	%	
Electric_Heater_1_Analog_Output	Electric Heater 1 Analog Output	AV-70*	30152	R	%	
Energy_Recovery_Analog_Output	Energy Recovery Analog Output	AV-72*	30156	R	%	
Exhaust_Fan_Speed_Analog_Output	Exhaust Fan Speed Analog Output	AV-73*	30158	R	%	
Hot_Water_Valve_1_Analog_Output	Hot Water Valve 1 Analog Output	AV-74*	30160	R	%	
Outside_Air_Damper_Analog_Output	Outside Air Damper Analog Output	AV-78	30168	R	%	
Supply_Fan_Speed_Analog_Output	Supply Fan Speed Analog Output	AV-79*	30170	R	%	
Coil_Temperature_Calculated_Setpoint	Calculated Coil Leaving Set point	AV-90	30192	R	°F	
Active_Cooling_Setpoint	Active Cooling Setpoint	AV-91*	30194	R	°F	
Active_Heating_Setpoint	Active Heating Setpoint	AV-92*	30196	R	°F	
LatestAlm_Real	Most recent alarm - See Alarm Table	AV-93*	30230	R	Real	
Device_Enable_DO_Word_Real_1	Device Enable DO Word - See Table	AV-94*	30232	R	Bit Pack	
Device_Enable_DO_Word_Real_2	Device Enable DO Word - See Table	AV-95*	30234	R	Bit Pack	
Device_Offline_Word_Real_1	Device Offline Word - See Table	AV-98*	30240	R	Bit Pack	
Device_Offline_Word_Real_2	Device Offline Word - See Table	AV-99*	30242	R	Bit Pack	
Device_Alarm_Word_Real_1	Device Alarm Word - See Table	AV-100*	30244	R	Bit Pack	
Device_Alarm_Word_Real_2	Device Alarm Word - See Table	AV-101*	30246	R	Bit Pack	
System_Word_Real_1	System Word - See Table	AV-102*	30248	R	Bit Pack	

Appendix E: Points List

Variable	Description	BACnet	Modbus	Read Write	Text or Unit of M	
		Object	Register		Active	Inactive
System_Word_Real_2	System Word - See Table	AV-103*	30250	R	Bit Pack	
Unit_Status_Word_Real_1	Unit Status Word - See Table	AV-104*	30252	R	Bit Pack	
Unit_Status_Word_Real_2	Unit Status Word - See Table	AV-105*	30254	R	Bit Pack	
ER_Control_Signal_BMS	BMS to control signal for Energy Recovery.	AV-106*	40084	RW	%	
Heating_Ramp	Heating Ramp	AV-107*	30256	R	%	
Cooling_1_Ramp	Cooling 1 Ramp	AV-108*	30258	R	%	
Exhaust_Fan_1_Status_Digital_Input	Exhaust Fan Status	BI-1*	10009	R	Active	Inactive
Supply_Fan_1_Status_Digital_Input	Supply Fan Status	BI-2*	10010	R	Active	Inactive
BMS_Watchdog	BMS Watchdog command Used to determine BMS comm status	BV-1*	2	RW	Active	Inactive
System_Enable	Master system enable/disable point	BV-2*	3	RW	Enable	Disable
BMS_Occupancy_Command	Occupancy Command	BV-3*	4	RW	Unoccupied	Occupied
Reset_All_Alarms	Alarm Reset Command	BV-4*	5	RW	Reset	Normal
Exhaust_Only_Mode_BMS_Cmd	Exhaust Mode Command	BV-5*	6	RW	Enable	Disable
Pressurization_Only_Mode_BMS_Cmd	Pressurization Mode Command	BV-6	7	RW	Enable	Disable
Outside_RH_Source_BMS	Outside RH Source Selection	BV-7*	8	RW	BMS	Local
Outside_Temp_Source_BMS	Outside Temp Source Selection	BV-8*	9	RW	BMS	Local
Return_RH_Source_BMS	Return RH Source Selection	BV-9*	10	RW	BMS	Local
Return_Temp_Source_BMS	Return Temp Source Selection	BV-10*	11	RW	BMS	Local
Space_1_CO2_Source_BMS	Space 1 CO2 Source Selection	BV-11*	12	RW	BMS	Local
Space_2_CO2_Source_BMS	Space 2 CO2 Source Selection	BV-12*	13	RW	BMS	Local
Return_CO2_Source_BMS	Return CO2 Source Selection	BV-13*	14	RW	BMS	Local
Space_RH_Source_BMS	Space RH Source Selection	BV-14*	15	RW	BMS	Local
Space_Static_Source_BMS	Space Static Source Selection	BV-15*	16	RW	BMS	Local
Space_Temp_Source_BMS	Space Temp Source Selection	BV-16*	17	RW	BMS	Local
SF_Control_Source_BMS	Allows the BMS to control supply fan speed	BV-17*	18	RW	BMS	Local
EF_Control_Source_BMS	Allows the BMS to control exhaust fan speed	BV-18*	19	RW	BMS	Local

Appendix E: Points List

Variable	Description	BACnet	Modbus	Read Write	Text or Unit of M	
		Object	Register		Active	Inactive
OAD_Control_Source_BMS	Allows the BMS to control OAD position	BV-19	20	RW	BMS	Local
Aux_BMS_Digital_Output_1	BMS Commanded auxiliary digital output	BV-20*	21	RW	Active	Inactive
Aux_BMS_Digital_Output_2	BMS Commanded auxiliary digital output	BV-21*	22	RW	Active	Inactive
Occupied	Occupancy	BV-22*	10002	R	Occupied	Unoccupied
Global_Alarm	General alarm point Default set to indicate any alarm is active	BV-23*	10003	R	Alarm	Normal
BMS_Watchdog_Active	Status of the BMS watchdog heartbeat	BV-24*	10004	R	Active	Inactive
Supply_Fan_1_Alarm.Active	Supply Fan Alarm Active	BV-29*	10012	R	Alarm	Normal
Exhaust_Fan_1_Alarm.Active	Exhaust Fan Alarm Active	BV-30*	10013	R	Alarm	Normal
Drain_Pan_Alarm.Active	Condensate Drain Pan Alarm Active	BV-31	10014	R	Alarm	Normal
Fire_Safety_Shutdown_Alarm.Active	Fire Safety Shutdown Alarm Active	BV-32	10015	R	Alarm	Normal
ER_Control_Source_BMS	Allows the BMS to control energy recovery.	BV-35*	22	RW	BMS	Local
Econ_Enable_Source_BMS	Allows the BMS to control ERV call for cooling.	BV-36*	23	RW	BMS	Local
Econ_Enable_from_BMS	Enable ERV call for cooling.	BV-37*	24	RW	Enable	Disable
Temperature_Reset_Mode	Occupied Reset Type Setpoint	IV-1*	40080	RW	1-Discharge 2-Space 3-Return 4-Outside	
Temperature_Reset_Mode_Unoccupied	Unoccupied Reset Type Setpoint	IV-2*	40082	RW	1-Discharge 2-Space 3-Return	
Active_Temperature_Reset_Mode	Active Occupied Reset Type Setpoint	IV-3*	30198	R	1-Discharge 2-Space 3-Return 4-Outside	
LatestAlm	Most recent alarm - See Alarm Table	IV-5*	30202	R	Integer	
Device_Enable_DO_Word	Device Enable DO Word - See Table	IV-6*	30206	R	Bit Pack	
Device_Offline_Word	Device Offline Word - See Table	IV-8*	30214	R	Bit Pack	
Device_Alarm_Word	Device Alarm Word - See Table	IV-9*	30218	R	Bit Pack	
System_Word	System Word - See Table	IV-10*	30222	R	Bit Pack	
Unit_Status_Word	Unit Status Word - See Table	IV-11*	30226	R	Bit Pack	

* Indicates point included in BACnet Short List

Appendix E: Points List

Device Enable DO Word Table (IV-6/AV-94 & AV-95)

IV	IV Bit	AV	AV Bit	Bit Description	IV	IV Bit	AV	AV Bit	Bit Description
6	0	94	0	Compressor 1 Start	6	16	95	0	Not Applicable
	1		1	Compressor 2 Start		17		1	Not Applicable
	2		2	Not Applicable		18		2	
	3		3	Not Applicable		19		3	
	4		4			20		4	Supply Fan Start
	5		5			21		5	Exhaust Fan Start
	6		6			22		6	
	7		7			23		7	
	8		8	Not Applicable		24		8	
	9		9	Not Applicable		25		9	
	10		10	Not Applicable		26		10	
	11		11			27		11	
	12		12	Not Applicable		28		12	
	13		13	Not Applicable		29		13	
	14		14	Not Applicable		30		14	
	15		15			31		15	

Device_Offline_Word Table (IV-8/AV-98 & AV-99)

IV	IV Bit	AV	AV Bit	Bit Description	IV	IV Bit	AV	AV Bit	Bit Description
8	0	98	0	Space TStat 1 Offline	8	16	99	0	
	1		1	Space TStat 2 Offline		17		1	
	2		2	Space TStat 3 Offline		18		2	
	3		3	Space TStat 4 Offline		19		3	
	4		4	VFD Offline Supply Fan		20		4	
	5		5	VFD Offline Exhaust Fan		21		5	
	6		6			22		6	
	7		7			23		7	
	8		8	Expansion Board 1 Alarm		24		8	
	9		9	Expansion Board 2 Alarm		25		9	
	10		10	Expansion Board 3 Alarm		26		10	
	11		11	Expansion Board 4 Alarm		27		11	Primary Unit Offline Alarm
	12		12			28		12	Secondary Unit 1 Offline Alarm
	13		13			29		13	Secondary Unit 2 Offline Alarm
	14		14			30		14	Secondary Unit 3 Offline Alarm
	15		15			31		15	Secondary Unit 4 Offline Alarm

Appendix E: Points List

Device Alarm Word Table (IV-9/AV-100 & AV-101)

IV	IV Bit	AV	AV Bit	Bit Description	IV	IV Bit	AV	AV Bit	Bit Description
9	0	100	0	Cold Coil Temperature Sensor Alarm	9	16	101	0	Space CO2 Sensor Alarm
	1		1			17		1	Space RH Sensor Alarm
	2		2	Mixed Temperature Sensor Alarm		18		2	Space Static Pressure Sensor Alarm
	3		3	Supply Duct Static Pressure Sensor Alarm		19		3	Space Temperature Sensor Alarm
	4		4	Not Applicable		20		4	Not Applicable
	5		5	Supply Air Temp Sensor Alarm		21		5	
	6		6	Not Applicable		22		6	Not Applicable
	7		7	Exhaust Temperature Sensor Alarm		23		7	
	8		8	Outside Air Temp Sensor Alarm		24		8	Not Applicable
	9		9	Outside RH Sensor Alarm		25		9	
	10		10	Not Applicable		26		10	SF VFD Alarm
	11		11	Greentrol OAD AFMS Alarm		27		11	EF VFD Alarm
	12		12	Return CO2 Sensor Alarm		28		12	
	13		13	Return Duct Static Pressure Sensor Alarm		29		13	
	14		14	Return Temperature Sensor Alarm		30		14	Greentrol Exhaust AFMS Alarm
15	15	Return RH Sensor Alarm	31	15	Greentrol Supply AFMS Alarm				

System Word (IV-10/AV-102 & AV-103)

IV	IV Bit	AV	AV Bit	Bit Description	IV	IV Bit	AV	AV Bit	Bit Description
10	0	102	0	Heat Wheel Enable	10	16	103	0	Shutdown Input Alarm
	1		1	Preheat Enable		17		1	Energy Recovery Wheel High Diff Pressure
	2		2	Reversing Valve (Cooling (0)/Heating(1))		18		2	Energy Recovery Wheel Rotation Alarm
	3		3			19		3	
	4		4	OA Damper End Switch Alarm		20		4	Not Applicable
	5		5	EA Damper End Switch Alarm		21		5	BMS Frequent Writes - Reduce Num of Writes
	6		6	Supply Temp Low Limit Alarm		22		6	BMS Offline Alarm
	7		7	Supply Temp High Limit Alarm		23		7	
	8		8	Supply High Duct Static Alarm		24		8	
	9		9	Supply Fan 1 Alarm		25		9	
	10		10	Exhaust Fan 1 Alarm		26		10	
	11		11	Drain Pan Alarm		27		11	
	12		12	Freeze Stat Alarm		28		12	
	13		13	Filter Alarm		29		13	
	14		14	Space High Static Alarm		30		14	
15	15	Return Low Static Alarm	31	15					

Appendix E: Points List

Unit Status Word Table (IV-11/AV-104 & AV-105)

IV	IV Bit	AV	AV Bit	Bit Description	IV	IV Bit	AV	AV Bit	Bit Description
11	0	104	0	Standby	11	16	105	0	Case Heat Active
	1		1	Occupied Start		17		1	Fans Only
	2		2	Unoccupied Start		18		2	Economizing
	3		3	Opening Dampers		19		3	Energy Recovery Active
	4		4	Dampers Open		20		4	Cooling
	5		5	Fan Start Delay		21		5	Heating
	6		6	Exhaust Fan On		22		6	Dehumidifying
	7		7	Supply Fan On		23		7	Not Applicable
	8		8	System On		24		8	Not Applicable
	9		9	Soft Shutdown		25		9	Dehum w/Heat
	10		10	System Disabled		26		10	Energy Recovery Defrost Active
	11		11	Remote Off		27		11	Not Applicable
	12		12	System Shutdown Alarm		28		12	Morning Warm Up/Cool Down Active
	13		13	Supply Fan Only		29		13	Winter Ramp Active
	14		14	Exhaust Fan Only		30		14	
	15		15	Purge Mode (Supply and Exhaust Only)		31		15	Overrides Active

Appendix E: Points List

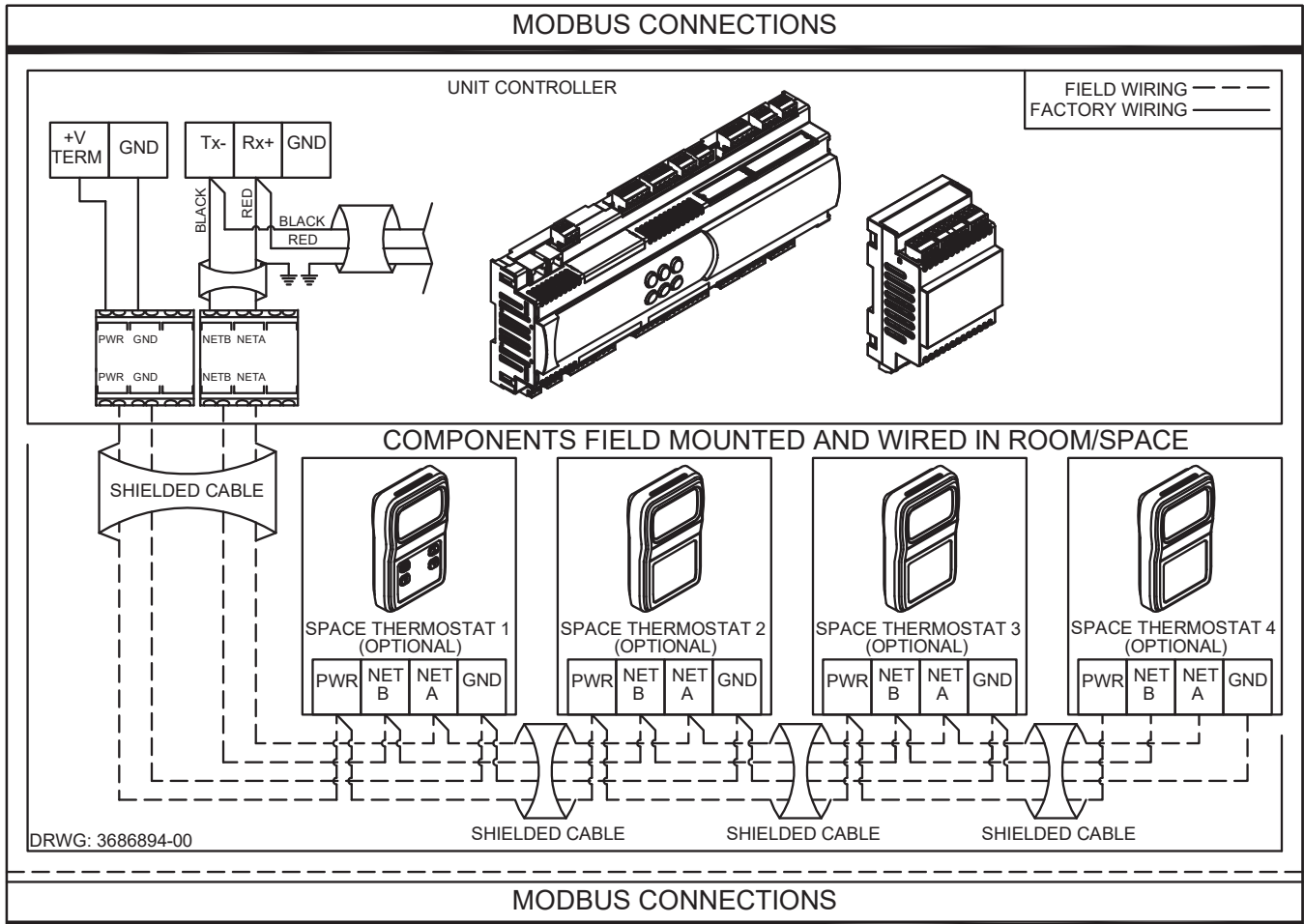
UNIT STATUS MODE TABLE (AV-40)

Analog Value	Mode	Analog Value	Mode
0	Standby	20	Economizing
1	Unoccupied Start	21	Cooling
2	Occupied Start	22	Heating
3	Opening Dampers	23	Dehumidifying
5	Dampers Open	24	Exhaust Econ Active
6	Fan Start Delay	25	Not Applicable
7	Exhaust Fan Start	26	Energy Recovery Defrost Active
8	Supply Fan Start	27	Not Applicable
9	Startup Delay	28	Not Applicable
10	System On	29	Dehumidifying with Heat
11	Soft Shutdown	30	Overrides
12	System Disabled	31	Expansion Offline
13	Remote Off (S1 Open)	32	Unit Off Protection
14	System Shutdown Alarm	33	Energy Recovery Active
15	Pressurization Only	34	Not Applicable
16	Exhaust Only	35	Morning Sequence Active
17	Fans Only Purge	36	Not Applicable
18	Case Heat Active	37	Winter Ramp Active
19	Fans Only		

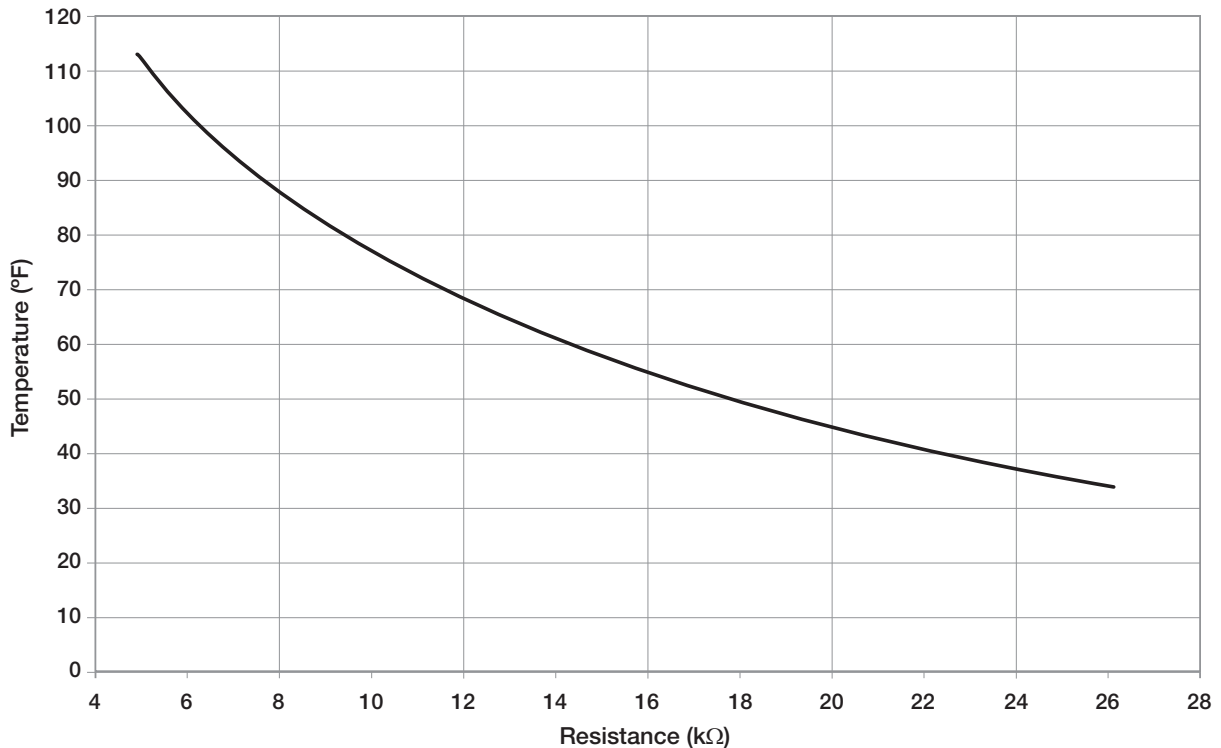
LATESTALM (ALARM) TABLE (BACNET IV-5/AV-93)

Analog Value	Mode	Analog Value	Mode
0	No Active Alarms	63	Supply Air Temperature - Low Limit Shutdown
1	Supply Fan 1 Run - Status Not Proven	64	Heat Wheel Rotation - Not Detected
3	High Supply Duct - Static Pressure	65	Secondary Unit Offline - Unit 1
4	Low Return Duct - Static Pressure	66	Secondary Unit Offline - Unit 2
5	Outside Air Temp - Sensor Value Not Valid	67	Secondary Unit Offline - Unit 3
6	Supply Air Temperature - Sensor Value Not Valid	68	Secondary Unit Offline - Unit 4
7	Cold Coil 1 Temp - Sensor Value Not Valid	69	Primary Unit Offline -
9	Exhaust Air Temp - Sensor Value Not Valid	71	Multi Devices per Ch - Contact Tech Support
10	Mixed Air Temperature - Sensor Value Not Valid	76	Supply Air Temperature - High Limit Shutdown
11	Return Air Temperature - Sensor Value Not Valid	77	Space High Static Pres - Shutdown
12	Space Temperature - Sensor Value Not Valid	78	Internal Board Temp - Exceeds -40F or 158F
13	Return Air RH - Sensor Value Not Valid	79	BMS Offline - Watchdog is FALSE
14	Space RH - Sensor Value Not Valid	80	Clg Coil Setpt Input - Value is not valid
15	Outside RH - Sensor Value Not Valid	81	Sup Air Setpt Input - Value is not valid
24	Damper End Switch Fail - Dampers are not open	82	BACnet License - Not Installed
25	Exhaust Fan 1 Run - Status Not Proven	133	Space Thermostat 1 - Sensor Offline
26	Filters are Dirty - Replace Filters	134	Space Thermostat 2 - Sensor Offline
27	Cond Drain Pan Full - Check Drain	135	Space Thermostat 3 - Sensor Offline
28	Exp Board 1 Status - Board is Offline	136	Space Thermostat 4 - Sensor Offline
29	Exp Board 2 Status - Board is Offline	157	Outside Air Greentrol - Offline or Flow Error
30	Exp Board 3 Status - Board is Offline	158	Exhaust Air Greentrol - Offline or Flow Error
31	Exp Board 4 Status - Board is Offline	159	Supply Air Greentrol - Offline or Flow Error
32	BMS Frequent Writes - Reduce Num of Writes	169	ER Wheel High - Differential Pressure
33	Space 1 CO2 - Sensor Value Not Valid	176	Supply Fan - VFD Offline
34	Space Static Pressure - Sensor Value Not Valid	177	Exhasut Fan - VFD Offline
35	Supply Duct Stat Press - Sensor Value Not Valid	181	SF VFD Alarm - Check VFD
36	Return Duct Stat Press - Sensor Value Not Valid	182	EF VFD Alarm - Check VFD
41	Space 2 CO2 - Sensor Value Not Valid	188	Fire Shutdown Alarm - Building Fire Alarm
42	Return CO2 - Sensor Value Not Valid	189	EA Damper End Switch - Damper is not open

Appendix F: Factory Modbus Connections



Appendix G: NTC Temperature Sensor Chart



Contact Us

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More Information

Unit Schematics

For configuration and connection questions, see the schematics that shipped with your unit. They can typically be found attached to the main control panel door.

Mechanical and Controls Manuals

Find current mechanical and controls manuals here: www.valentair.com/resources



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VX VXE VXC Manual
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